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SOUTH CAROLINA CROP STATISTICS

AE421

June
1982

STATE AND COUNTY DATA

1980 REVISED
1981 PRELIMINARY

SOUTH CAROLINA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

cooperating with
Department of Agricultural Economics & Rural Sociology
South Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station
Clemson University

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FOREWORD

The agricultural statistics in this publication include revised crop statistics at the state and county level for 1980 and preliminary estimates for 1981. Also included are data on disposition of crops, number of farms, land in farms, commercial fertilizer, farm labor, vegetable statistics and quarterly grain stock estimates, both on and off farms.

This bulletin, prepared by the South Carolina Crop and Livestock Reporting Service is a cooperative effort between the Statistical Reporting Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, and the Department of Agricultural Economics and Rural Sociology and South Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station of Clemson University. This cooperative relationship helps promote economy and efficiency by avoiding duplication of effort and conflicting reports. The Federal program serves to provide comparable statistics for all states, which are released in scheduled national reports, while State funds make it possible to prepare and publish more detailed statistics for South Carolina such as those presented in this Bulletin.

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SOUTH CAROLINA CROP STATISTICS
1980 - 1981

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS AND RURAL SOCIOLOGY
SOUTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION
CLEMSON UNIVERSITY
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cooperating with

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE
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SOUTH CAROLINA CROP AND LIVESTOCK REPORTING SERVICE

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1981 SOUTH CAROLINA CROP SUMMARY

JANUARY: Generally, weather conditions for January were unusually cold and dry. The Northeastern area of the State was the coldest as temperatures averaged 14 degrees below normal. Overall, as the month progressed temperatures rose only to reach near normal readings. Below normal amounts of precipitation fell over the State as it came in the form of sleet, snow and mostly rain.

Soil sampling, liming and disking crop residue were active as weather permitted. Wheat planted behind soybeans was in generally good condition. Fumingation of tobacco beds was in full swing. Fertilization of winter grazing and small grain crops was active, but needed warmer temperatures and additional soil moisture for better growth. Pruning of fruit trees and grapevines continued as conditions permitted. Producers had to rely considerably on supplemental feeding for livestock as hay supplies were short because of the preceding dry summer. General farm maintenance and planning was done to occupy days too cold to work in the fields.

FEBRUARY: Temperatures and rainfall averaged about normal during February. Most areas were cooler than usual during the first half, changing to unseasonably warmer temperatures the second half of the month. Largest amount of rainfall came on the 10th and 11th as the State received up to 3 inches. Badly needed rains provided enough moisture to keep soils in good condition for land preparation.

In areas where weather did not hinder field activities, farmers were disking and plowing for spring and summer plantings. Growers were harvesting winter vegetables, while livestock producers were feeding and caring for animals. As pruning was complete for fruit trees, growers were applying dormant sprays. Small grains and pastures were improving as a result of favorable weather conditions and recently applied fertilizer. Tobacco beds were seeded and in generaly good condition. On days unsuitable for field work, farmers were repairing farm equipment and planning for the new growing season.

MARCH: March was dominated by wind, below normal temperatures and rainfall. High readings during the first week quickly dropped below normal for the remainder of the month with frost reported over several mornings. Occasional rainfall wasn't enough to keep soil moisture at an adequate level.

As the planting season began, corn and vegetables were the major crops being planted. Corn plantings were well ahead of last year's pace as some emergence were adversely affected by cool temperatures. Tomatoes along with other vegetables also suffered as considerable amounts of tomato acreage had to be replanted. A small amount of tobacco had been transplanted as three percent of the acreage was planted by the end of the month. At that time, the crop was in fairly good condition. Soils remained too cool for cotton planting, but land preparation was active.

Peaches were blooming about two weeks ahead of last year, spreading to statewide completion by mid-month. Some trees in the Coastal and Ridge areas received some frost damage with severe damage reported in isolated areas. Spraying programs were active as the crop was looking fairly good.

Small grain condition was fair to good as the crop progressed through the boot stage. Pastures and grain hay were also rated in fair to good condition.

APRIL: The State experienced contrasting temperatures and less than average rainfall during April. Record high readings were reported over several locations during the mid and latter part of the month along with short period of 40 degree readings throughout the period. Scattered showers came occasionally to average well below normal with the end of the month becoming very dry.

Due to mostly sunny and warm days, planting progress for most all crops was ahead of schedule. By the end of the month all corn acreage was planted as good stands were reported over most areas. The crop was in fair to good condition despite hail and insect damage reported earlier in the month. Cotton planting made the most significant progress as only one percent of the acreage was planted at the beginning of April but 91 percent was planted by the end of the month.

During the latter part of the month germination and crop development was slowed due to lack of moisture and cool temperatures. The condition of the crop was judged as fair. Land preparation for soybeans was active during the end of the month, as only 4 percent had been planted. Tobacco transplanting was almost complete by the end of April. At that time, the crop needed rain but was considered to be in good condition.

Small grains were in fairly good condition. Heading for wheat and oats were 73 and 65 percent respectively. Both crops were hampered by dry weather but seemed to recover well by the end of the month.

Peach conditions were fair to mostly good for the month as spraying and thinning procedures were active. Some trees located in the Ridge area were being studied as they suffered from Peach Tree Short Life Syndrome.

Vegetable plantings made normal progress. By the middle of the month tomato planting was complete. By the end of the month snap beans reached 91 percent complete, cucumbers 79 percent, watermelons 96 percent and cantaloups 88 percent planted. Condition for all vegetables was rated as fair to good.

MAY: The weather pattern for May was variable with above and below normal temperatures and rainfall. Higher than usual temperatures for the first week dropped below average during mid-month and returned to warmer readings by month's end. Rainfall followed the same pattern to average slightly above normal for the month. Soil moisture conditions were short during the first three weeks of the month but improved to adequate during the last week.

Corn planting was slightly ahead of last year as all of the crop was planted by the middle of the month. Stress, due to dry conditions, was showing up as leaves curled and development of the crop was slowed. Some fields under irrigation had begun to tassel during the latter part of the month. Overall, the condition of the crop was fair to good. Cotton got off to a slow start due to low night time temperatures and dry conditions. Germination problems developed causing uneven stands in many cases requiring replanting. Some fields received heavy pressures from thrip and lygus bugs. Condition of the crop averaged poor to fair during May. Planting of peanuts was complete by the end of the month as the crop looked fair. Soybean plantings started at a good pace, but as soil moisture became short, farmers delayed plantings until conditions improved. By month's end about one half of the crop had been planted, slightly behind 1980's pace. Like cotton, tobacco was hampered by cool, dry conditions existing around mid-month. Replanting became necessary although late-month rains were a great help. Around mid-month tobacco was reported as being completely planted and knee-high in some areas. Farmers were busy spraying for budworms and applying nitrogen. By month's end suckers were beginning to appear as a result of increased rainfall. Generally, the crop was judged as being in good condition.

Peach harvest in the Ridge and Coastal areas was slightly ahead of last year as light harvest was just underway in the Piedmont. Along with thinning and spraying of peaches not ready for harvest, growers were busy irrigating to offset dry conditions. Peaches and apples appear good with grapes fair to good.

Small grains were being harvested at a good pace. Yields were better than previously expected but lack of moisture contributed to low yields in some areas. Wheat came through the month in fair to good condition while oats was rated as fair.

By the last week of the month harvesting of cucumbers and snap beans got underway in the Coastal counties. Intended acreage for harvest of some inland cucumbers were decreased because some of the crop was killed by lack of moisture. Cucumbers, snap beans and tomatoes were considered to be in fair to good condition.

JUNE: South Carolina's temperatures for June hovered around the near normal mark at the beginning of the month to rise well above normal the last half. During this period 100 degree readings were common. Most of the rainfall for the month came during the first week as moisture conditions were generally adequate. By mid-month moisture conditions began to deteriorate at a rapid pace becoming critically short in many areas.

The increased rainfall during the last week of May and the first week in June restored optimism as most crops were in generally good condition. By the end of the month, due to hot, dry conditions, crops were beginning to show signs of heat stress as they did in the previous month. At this time sub-soil moisture was at an all time low. Corn started the month off in good condition, but as the month came to a close the crop had slipped to only fair condition. Only fields under irrigation continued to look good. Cotton seemed to be holding up well considering weather conditions. Many growers across the State were taking measures to defend their crop against bollweevils, thrips and weeds. Overall, the crop was judged to be in fair to good condition but needed additional rains to have a normal crop. Soybean planting was active during the month where enough moisture was present. Along with planting activities growers were applying herbicides and fertilizers to soil. Later in the month herbicides were reported as being ineffective because of dry conditions. By the end of the month the condition of the crop was mostly fair to good. Tobacco suckers along with budworms were becoming harder to control due to rains that fell during the first week. Some hail and lightning damage was reported. When weather permitted, early topping and harvesting got underway. By the 21st leaves began to blister in some counties because of intense heat. Generally the crop was considered to be in fair to good condition. Harvesting of the State's peach crop continued as growers were picking Sentinels and Coronet in the Coastal Plains, Junegold and Dixireds in the Ridges and Candors in the Piedmont. Irrigation was active to maintain good size and quality. The crop was rated in good condition.

Most of the small grain harvesting was done during the month and harvesting was virtually complete by the end of June. The crop was almost disease free this year due to a dry spring. Yields were surprisingly better than expected. The harvesting of truck crops such as snap beans, cucumbers and tomatoes was active. Cucumber grading sheds were getting into full operation by the 7th. By mid-month snap beans and cucumbers were practicllly harvested along the coast as tomato harvest increased. Watermelon and cantaloup harvest got underway on a limited basis by the third week. During this period tomato harvest along the coast had come to a standstill because of low prices. For the month all truck crops were in fair to good condition.

JULY: Weather during most of July was hotter and dryer than usual. During the first week temperatures averaged below normal but changed to above normal the remainder of the month. Precipitation reversed the pattern with near normal readings the first three weeks changing to normal the last week of the period.

At the beginning of the month farmers were relieved to see their crops make a come back after a dry June. Late planted corn seem to benefit most from earlier showers as early varieties were showing some degree of drought stress. By mid-month some fields were so badly damaged by short water supplies farmers plowed them under and planted soybeans or sunflowers. Measures to control weeds and pest were active. By the 19th, harvesting for silage and grain was underway. Generally, the crop held up well enough to maintain a fair rating.

Due to favorable planting conditions earlier this year cotton setting bolls was ahead of last year. Growers were able to keep the crop in fairly good form by keeping regular spray programs against increasing counts of bollworms, budworm, moths and bollweevils. Soybean planting across the state was nearly complete by the first of the month. However, farmers located in dry areas were wanting for better soil moisture conditions. Herbicides and pesticides were being applied to earlier planted beans. Later plantings were not looking as good as older beans due to high temperatures and low soil moisture. Condition for the oil bearing crop averaged fair to good for July. Tobacco markets opened the second week with harvesting 33 percent complete compared to 14 percent a year earlier.

Peaches improved to good condition by mid-month while apples and grapes remain in fairly good condition. Irrigation was necessary in some areas during peak harvest.

Pastures in many places were seriously hurt by drought like conditions, causing the crop to achieve a fair rating. Harvesting of Coastal Bermuda Hay picked up by the 5th, after receiving badly needed rains.

Gathering of snap beans and cucumbers were coming to a halt as many cucumber markets were preparing to close. Tomato packing sheds were closing down by mid July as 96 percent of the crop was harvested. Melon harvest was going well as the crop was generally in fairly good condition.

AUGUST: August temperatures and precipitation averaged slightly below normal. During the first and second weeks averages were reported as being slightly above normal which changed to below normal the last half. The State received adequate amounts of rainfall every week until the last, with light amounts reported for most areas.

Farm activities ranged from applying insecticides to planting and harvesting of crops. Harvesting of early corn for grain and silage was getting into full swing, but was hampered by rainfall. Yields for some of the gathered corn was ranging from poor to excellent, depending on location and timeliness of rainfall. Toward the end of August many dairymen were having trouble finding enough storage for silage. Overall, the crop's condition maintained a fair to good rating. During the first week, cotton was under heavy attack of bollworms and weevils. Scattered showers interfered with regular spray schedules which increased insect counts in many fields. By mid-month, evidence of boll rot was reported. By month's end cotton farmers across the State were faced with contrasting problems. Growers located in the northwestern part were faced with dry conditions causing leaves to shed prematurely and smaller stalks. Crops located in wet areas were losing poundage because lower bolls were cracking open and rotting. The general condition of the cotton crop for the month averaged fair to mostly good. Soybean conditions improved during the first week, averaging good statewide mainly because of recent rains. When weather permitted, farmers were spraying to fight off large counts of corn earworms, velvet bean caterpillars and loopers. Generally, the crop looked good with excellent yields expected. Peanuts were progressing nicely and looking good. As the month continued, reports of white mold and other diseases were prevalent. By the 30th harvest was underway as growers looked forward to a good crop. Tobacco harvest was slow as some fields were too wet for farm equipment. Many growers replaced mechanical harvesting machines with walking croppers to harvest their crop. Another problem wet conditions were causing was that some of the crop contained too much moisture to cure properly.

Peach harvesting in the Ridge was nearly complete by the 16th as major varieties remained for harvest in the Piedmont. Apples were picked under good conditions as cool temperatures during the latter part of the month provided suitable conditions for good coloration. As harvest continued orchardists were disappointed at the sizing of the fruit. Picking bunch grapes had begun by the 23rd as a good crop was in store despite high humidity which threatened to induce rot.

Growers along the coast were busy planting fall vegetables, as they were taking advantage of good soil moisture. Pastures, milo and other sorghum, were being attacked by fall armyworms in some places, but generally the crops were in fair to good condition.

SEPTEMBER: Cool, dry weather prevailed during September. Temperatures averaging normal to near normal dropped sharply after a cold front passed through the State around mid-month. Scattered frost over a few northern areas occurred several mornings thereafter. Rainfall was light and spotty with virtually no precipitation except in the mountains the last two weeks.

Harvesting of corn continued to make good progress except for a few wet fields. Some growers experienced problems of late season weeds. As harvest was winding down, stalks were plowed under and preparation for winter grains were made. Some late maturing cotton received defoliate as most farmers were holding off until the later part of the month. Some found it necessary to continue spraying against insects. Throughout the month, boll rot was a problem as it was primarily restricted to the lower parts of the plant. Harvesting of this year's good crop had begun by the 13th, which was lagging behind last year's pace. As the month began, spray programs appeared to be quite successful for soybean growers. Insect infestation was surprisingly low. In areas not receiving adequate amounts of rain, pods were not filling out properly. To counter this problem many growers were irrigating. As general soil moisture remained at a deficit, soybeans slipped from good to fairly good the last half of September. Peanut digging started around mid-month with growers pleased to see their season long efforts pay off in good yields. As farmers were completing the harvest of tobacco, stalks were cut or disked to break the life cycle of host pest. Harvesting was 95 percent complete by the 6th.

Ridge farmers were finishing summer pruning and spraying of fruit borers during the first week of September. Good quality apples were harvested under favorable conditions as 52 percent of the crop had been picked by mid-month. Although quality and yields were exceptionally good this year, farmers were still faced

with low prices and marketing problems. Those apples waiting to be picked were considered to be in good condition. As the month began, a few pecans were dropping prematurely due to the lack of moisture during the filling stage. Although dry weather caused some adverse effects, prospects for a good crop were good.

Over several regions pastures were drying and hay was short due to weather stress. However some relief from cool temperatures and scattered showers kept the general condition in fair to good condition.

Fall cucumber and snap bean plantings were completed by the third week, some of the earlier plantings were being harvested. Both crops ended the month as being in fair to good condition.

OCTOBER: Cooler temperatures and low moisture supply continued into October. Normal readings during the first of the month dropped to slightly cooler levels the last three weeks. Rainfall averaging below normal, improved to above normal the last half to aid crops awaiting harvest.

Corn harvesting ended around mid-month, ahead of last year partly due to drought conditions during the growing season. As harvesting was complete stalks were plowed under and preparation for winter grains were made. Harvesting conditions for cotton were good and contributed to the rapid rate. Generally, the crops benefited from dry weather, but could have used some moisture for unopened bolls. Rain during the latter part of October interrupted harvesting but helped later plantings to properly open bolls. Once regular picking was complete a few growers had started scrapping operations. Overall the crop was considered in good condition. Soybeans had been adversely affected by dry weather. Prospects for late planted beans improved as showers came. Earlier plantings seemed too far along as premature color and unfilled pods were evident. As yield prospects were low in some areas a few growers had mowed their beans for hay instead of combining. Harvesting of the State's peanut crop got off to a good start with yields ranging from good to excellent. Pecans were looking fair to good with some evidence of premature nut drop. By the 25th, apple harvest had reached 97 percent, which was slightly ahead of the 1980 crop.

Planting of small grain lagged behind last year, as many farmers waited for improved planting conditions. Later in the month as rainfall increased, small grains were beginning to show better stands. Pastures continued to look poor causing cattlemen to feed hay or liquidate herds.

Fall vegetables were harvested rapidly with yields cut because of dry conditions. Overall, condition was rated as poor to fair.

NOVEMBER: While November temperatures averaged near normal, rainfall continued below normal. Temperatures were warmer the first and last weeks of the period while mid-month readings dipped below normal. Precipitation was light as soil moisture continued to be in short supply.

Regular pickings for cotton was beginning to wind down as scraping procedures continued. By the 2?nd nearly all regions had finished harvesting. Gins in some cases were finding it hard to keep pace with the arrival of wagons due to record high yields. By the 29th the crop was considered as being completely harvested. Mature soybeans were harvested at a high rate with yields better than first thought. Reports from various areas were averaging over 30 bushels per acre. In other cases where beans did not fill out well some growers cut their crops for hay.

Pecans were rated in fair to good condition with good prospects for a large crop. Trees were reported as being heavily loaded but a lot would depend on the extent of losses due to predators and dry weather.

During the month, planting of small grains made some progress but continued to lag behind 1980's pace. Progress was made only when favorable planting conditions existed. Emergence was slow in areas with low soil moisture. Wheat acreages were noted as being greater than normal. Generally small grains were in fair to good condition. Pastures showed some improvement early in November as a result of showers during late October.

Fall cucumbers were completely harvested by the second week as snap bean harvest continued to the 29th. Yields were disappointing, mostly due to dry weather.

DECEMBER: December weather was slightly cooler and wetter than usual. Temperatures averaged below normal every week until the last. Above normal rainfall during the first and last two weeks was enough to make up for a rainless second week.

Soybean harvest was way ahead of the 1980 crop and considered to be in fair condition. Quality and yields were mixed. Later planted beans seemed to be turning out a little better than early varieties. In some cases where pods did not fill out well and in poor condition many beans were baled into hay and used for feeding livestock. By the 27th harvesting was virtaully complete. As soybeans were gathered, farmers were planting small grains behind the crop. With increased rainfall, growing conditions were ideal for small grains. Pecan harvest was in full swing along with pruning fruit trees and grape vines. Other farming activities included preparation of tobacco beds, lime applications, soil sampling, caring for livestock and disking land for spring planting.

SOUTH CAROLINA: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value of Crops, 1980 and 1981

Crop--Unit	Planted Acres		Harvested Acres		Yield per Harvested Acre		Production		Value of Production	
	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981
	---------- Thou. Acres ----------						---- Thou. ----		-- Thou. Dols. --	
Corn, all	585	645	567	623	--	--	--	--	--	--
Corn, grain--Bu.	--	--	515	570	48.0	58.0	24,720	33,060	77,126	82,650
Corn, silage--Ton	--	--	41	42	10.5	12.5	431	525	--	--
Corn, forage 1/--Ton	--	--	11	11	--	--	--	--	--	--
Wheat, winter--Bu.	205	430	192	410	36.0	35.0	6,912	14,350	25,436	46,638
Oats--Bu.	83	95	40	48	49.0	46.0	1,960	2,208	2,960	3,974
Barley--Bu.	26	30	23	27	44.0	43.0	1,012	1,161	2,095	2,786
Rye--Bu.	126	120	28	33	22.0	22.0	616	726	1,984	2,468
Hay, all-Ton	--	--	208	218	1.70	1.90	354	414	23,718	30,429
Hay, Coastal Bermuda-Ton	--	--	100	105	2.35	2.60	235	273	--	--
Sorghum, all	30	35	27	33	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sorghum, grain--Bu.	--	--	15	18	22.0	32.0	330	576	871	2,304
Sorghum, silage--Ton	--	--	11	14	7.0	10.0	77	140	--	--
Sorghum, forage--Ton	--	--	1	1	--	--	--	--	--	--
Peanuts, for nuts--Lb.	15.0	15.0	13.0	15.0	1,100	2,600	14,300	39,000	3,089	11,700
Soybeans, alone all purposes	1,700	1,600	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Soybeans, for beans--Bu.	--	--	1,600	1,550	13.0	21.0	20,800	32,550	163,280	201,810
Sweetpotatoes--Cwt.	2.8	3.5	2.5	3.5	95	95	238	333	3,403	5,661
Tobacco--Lb.	--	--	65.0	68.0	1,930	2,185	125,450	148,580	175,003	245,900
Cotton-Lb. & Bale	122	119	120	118	309	667	77	164	29,420	45,579
Cottonseed-Ton	--	--	--	--	--	--	30	62	3,600	5,487
Lespedeza (clean) seed – Lb.	--	--	4.5	6.5	75	125	338	813	291	699
Pecans, all-Lb.	--	--	--	--	--	--	2,200	8,000	1,780	5,325
Apples--Lb. 2/	--	--	--	--	--	--	32,000	36,000	3,616	2,590
Peaches--Lb. 2/	--	--	--	--	--	--	355,000	430,000	62,480	62,160
Com'l Vegetables-Cwt. 3/	--	--	37.6	42.1	--	--	--	--	35,070	36,827
TOTAL 4/	--	--	2,928	3,195	--	--	--	--	615,222	794,087

1/Includes corn hogged, grazed, and that cut and fed without removing ears. 2/Value based on utilized production. 3/Includes melons and cucumbers for pickles but excludes cabbage, processing tomatoes and snap beans. 4/Rounded to nearest thousand.

UNITED STATES: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value of Crops, 1980 and 1981

Crop--Unit	Planted Acres		Harvested Acres		Yield per Harvested Acres		Production		Value of Production	
	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981
	Thou. Acres						Thou.		Thou. Dols.	
Corn, all	84,047	84,153	82,855	83,207	--	--	--	--	--	--
Corn, grain--Bu.	--	--	73,030	74,624	91.0	109.9	6,644,841	8,200,951	20,571,244	20,338,358
Corn, silage--Ton	--	--	9,241	8,211	12.0	14.1	110,973	116,183	--	--
Corn, forage 1/--Ton	--	--	584	372	--	--	--	--	--	--
Wheat, winter--Bu.	57,620	65,917	51,494	58,589	36.8	35.8	1,895,383	2,098,719	7,260,782	7,639,337
Oats--Bu.	13,377	13,646	8,652	9,411	53.0	54.0	458,263	508,083	811,833	970,439
Barley--Bu.	8,339	9,741	7,275	9,151	49.6	52.3	360,956	478,301	1,022,030	1,205,319
Rye--Bu.	2,537	2,594	675	697	24.4	26.7	16,483	18,621	43,377	54,932
Hay, all-Ton	--	--	59,362	60,212	2.21	2.38	131,027	143,105	8,103,989	9,602,346
Sorghum, all	15,644	16,024	14,664	15,564	--	--	--	--	--	--
Sorghum, grain--Bu.	--	--	12,522	13,726	46.3	64.1	579,197	880,266	1,696,008	3,679,512
Sorghum, silage--Ton	--	--	732	757	9.6	12.1	7,002	9,139	--	--
Sorghum, forage--Ton	--	--	1,410	1,081	--	--	--	--	--	--
Peanuts, for nuts--Lb.	1,521.4	1,517.7	1,398.8	1,493.3	1,645	2,668	2,301,282	3,984,653	578,292	1,069,592
Soybeans, alone all purposes	70,037	68,000	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Soybeans, beans--Bu.	--	--	67,856	66,688	26.4	30.4	1,792,062	2,030,452	13,559,595	12,345,148
Sweetpotatoes--Cwt.	107.8	112.7	102.2	109.3	107	115	10,953	12,622	148,359	173,100
Tobacco--Lb.	--	--	920.5	973.7	1,940	2,116	1,786,192	2,060,236	2,720,652	3,514,259
Cotton-Lb. & Bale	14,533.8	14,330.1	13,214.8	13,841.2	404	543	11,122.1	15,645.7	3,986,678	4,109,069
Cottonseed-Ton	--	--	--	--	--	--	4,470.5	6,396.9	573,928	559,346
Lespedeza seed – Lb.	--	--	33,900	37,800	158	204	5,373	7,708	2,628	3,180
Pecans, all-Lb.	--	--	--	--	--	--	183,500	348,000	143,269	191,367
Apples--Lb. 2/	--	--	--	--	--	--	8,828,400	7,645,300	760,997	822,332
Peaches--Lb. 2/	--	--	--	--	--	--	3,079,600	2,788,600	368,598	353,757
Com'l Vegetables-Cwt. 3/	1,135.2	1,071.5	1,076.4	1,022.8	--	--	--	--	2,010,689	2,177,231
TOTAL 4/	--	--	343,446	358,759	--	--	--	--	64,362,948	68,808,624

1/Includes corn hogged, grazed, and that cut and fed without removing ears. 2/Value based on utilized production. 3/Includes 22 fresh market vegetables and melons, cucumbers for pickles, and processing total for dual usage crops (asparagus, broccoli, carrots, and cauliflower). 4/Rounded to nearest thousand.

1981 ANNUAL SUMMARY OF SOUTH CAROLINA

VEGETABLES AND MELONS FOR FRESH MARKET AND FOR PROCESSING

Production of the five principle **fresh market** vegetable and melon crops in SOUTH CAROLINA in 1981 was 24 percent above the 1980 production.

Value of production for the five major vegetables excluding cabbage and sweet corn totaled $31,811,000 in 1981 as compared to $31,101,000 in 1980, up 2 percent.

Production of SOUTH CAROLINA'S **cucumbers for pickles** totaled 27,560 tons compared with 22,550 tons in 1980 and 26,810 in 1979.

Conversion factors used to arrive at hundredweight were as follows: 50 lbs. per bag or crate of cabbage, 3.2 lbs. for each cantaloup, 48 lbs. per bushel of cucumbers, 30 lbs. per bushel hamper of snap beans, 30 lbs. per box of tomatoes, and 24.0 lbs. for each watermelon.

VEGETABLES AND MELONS FOR FRESH MARKET AND FOR PROCESSING: Acreage, Yield, Production, Price Per Cwt., And Value Of Production, South Carolina, 1980 and 1981

Crop	Acreage Harvested		Yield Per Acre		Production		Price Per Cwt.		Value Of Production	
	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981	1980	1981
	Acres		Cwt.		1,000 Cwt.		Dollars		1,000 Dollars	
FRESH MARKET										
Cabbage, Spr. 1/	700	--	115	--	81	--	9.75	--	790	--
Cantaloups	2,900	3,300	33	39	96	129	11.20	7.50	1,075	968
Cucumbers, Spring	3,600	3,900	94	88	338	343	12.80	9.93	4,326	3,406
Cucumbers, Fall	800	600	71	75	57	45	11.40	11.10	650	500
Snap Beans, Spring	2,000	2,600	30	25	60	65	22.80	19.50	1,368	1,268
Snap Beans, Fall	900	1,300	31	23	28	30	24.80	28.40	694	852
Tomatoes, Spr. & Summer	7,200	8,500	151	180	1,090	1,530	17.20	13.50	18,737	20,655
Watermelons	12,000	11,500	89	110	1,068	1,265	3.98	3.29	4,251	4,162
Total Fresh Market	29,400	31,700	--	--	2,737	3,407	--	--	31,101	31,811
PROCESSING 2/			Tons		Tons		Price Per Ton			
Cucumbers, Pickles	8,200	10,400	2.75	2.65	22,550	27,560	176.00	182.00	3,969	5,016

1/Estimates discontinued after 1980. Data for 1980 not included in totals
2/Excludes small quantity of snap beans and tomatoes for processing.

SOUTH CAROLINA FARM NUMBERS CONTINUE DOWNWARD

The number of farms in SOUTH CAROLINA in 1981 is estimated at 34,000 down 1,000 from 1980. For 1982, farm numbers are expected to drop another 3 percent to 33,000. Total land in farms was 6.3 million acres in 1981, down 2 percent from 1980. The preliminary estimate for 1982 land in farms is 6.1 million acres, down 3 percent. Average size of farm in 1982 is expected to be 185 acres - the same as 1981.

The number of farms in the UNITED STATES in 1981 is estimated at 2,436,000, up 0.3 percent from the 2,428,000 in 1980. For 1982 farm numbers are expected to increase slightly to 2,437,000. Total land in farms was 1,045 million acres for 1981 an increase of 0.2 percent from a year earlier. The preliminary estimate for 1982 is 1,046 million acres, up 0.1 percent from 1981. Average size of farm, at 429 acres, has remained steady since 1978.

A farm is defined as a place which has annual sales of agricultural products of $1,000 or more. The estimates based on this definition are available beginning with 1975.

NUMBER OF FARMS, LAND IN FARMS AND AVERAGE SIZE, SOUTH CAROLINA AND NATION

Year	Farms		Land in Farms		Average Size of Farm	
	Old Definition 1/	New Definition 2/	Old Definition 1/	New Definition 2/	Old Definition 1/	New Definition 2/
	Thousands		Thousand Acres		Acres	
SOUTH CAROLINA						
1955	115		11,500		100	
1960	86		10,000		116	
1965	65		9,100		140	
1970	52		8,300		160	
1971	51		8,200		161	
1972	48		8,000		167	
1973	46		7,800		170	
1974	45		7,700		171	
1975	45	36	7,700	6,800	171	189
1976	45	36	7,700	6,800	171	189
1977	45	36	7,700	6,700	171	186
1978	43	36	7,500	6,600	174	183
1979	4/	35	4/	6,500	4/	186
1980	4/	35	4/	6,400	4/	183
1981	4/	34	4/	6,300	4/	185
1982 3/	4/	33	4/	6,100	4/	185
UNITED STATES						
1965	3,356		1,139,597		340	
1966	3,257		1,131,844		348	
1967	3,162		1,123,456		355	
1968	3,071		1,115,231		363	
1969	3,000		1,107,811		369	
1970	2,949		1,102,371		374	
1971	2,902		1,096,863		378	
1972	2,860		1,092,065		382	
1973	2,823		1,087,923		385	
1974	2,795		1,084,433		388	
1975	2,767	2,491	1,081,448	1,062,723	391	427
1976	2,738	2,454	1,078,263	1,059,148	394	432
1977	2,706	2,456	1,075,003	1,047,785	397	427
1978	2,672	2,436	1,072,053	1,044,790	401	429
1979	4/	2,430	4/	1,043,195	4/	429
1980	4/	2,428	4/	1,042,245	4/	429
1981	4/	2,436	4/	1,044,700	4/	429
1982 3/	4/	2,437	4/	1,045,805	4/	429

1/Places of 10 or more acres that had annual sales of agricultural products of $50 or more and places of less than 10 acres that had annual sales of $250 or more. 2/Places with annual sales of agricultural products of $1,000 or more. 3/Preliminary. 4/Series discontinued.

SOUTH CAROLINA: CROPS--Record Highs and Lows Through 1981

CROP	UNIT	Record High						Record Low					
		Acres Harvested		Yield per Acre		Production		Acres Harvested		Yield per Acre		Production	
		Year	Acres	Year	Yield	Year	Prod.	Year	Acres	Year	Yield	Year	Prod.
			Thou.				Thou.		Thou.				Thou
Corn, Grain	Bu.	1935	1,826	1979	80.0	1976	52,026	1972	375	1954	10.5	1954	10,070
Corn, Silage	Ton	1976	56	1975	15.0	1975	750	1926	1	1935	2.5	1926	6
Wheat	Bu.	1981	410	1971	38.0	1981	14,350	1930	38	1890	4.0	1908	273
Oats	Bu.	1944	707	1979	56.0	1946	18,753	1980	40	1871	8.0	1866	450
Barley	Bu.	1957	40	1979	48.0	1971	1,440	1936	2	1936	14.0	1936	28
Rye	Bu.	1974	39	1971	25.0	1974	780	1910	3	1874	2.5	1894	14
Hay, All	Ton	1942	766	1975	2.20	1949	687	1974	200	1925	0.24	1925	49
Sorghum, Grain	Bu.	1971	23	1979	41.0	1971	897	1945	1	1954	12.5	1944	16
Sorghum, Silage	Ton	1972	16	1972	11.5	1972	184	1930	1	1954	4.5	1930	6
Peanuts, Nuts	Lb.	1943	63	1981	2,600	1981	39,000	1921	6	1925	480	1921	3,750
Soybeans, Beans	Bu.	1979	1,660	1979	24.0	1979	39,840	1934	4	1926	5.0	1934	24
Sweet Potatoes	Cwt.	1943	79	1978	120	1943	3,780	1973	2	1881	19	1971	150
Tobacco	Lb.	1928	148	1962	2,265	1955	197,200	1889	2	1924	490	1889	1,130
Cotton 1/	Lb.	1918	2,821	1981	667	1911	1,649	1978	98	1866	102	1980	77
Cottonseed	Ton	--	--	--	--	1911	731	--	--	--	--	1980	30
Lespedeza Seed	Lb.	1946	70	1971	240	1949	15,500	1980	4.5	1980	75	1980	338
Apples 2/	Lb.	--	--	--	--	1981	36,000	--	--	--	--	1966	4,100
Peaches	Lb.	--	--	--	--	1981	430,000	--	--	--	--	1955	Crop Failure
Pecans	Lb.	--	--	--	--	1963	11,500	--	--	--	--	1972	100

1/Production in bales. 2/Production estimates started in 1965. NOTE: In some cases the acreage or yield or production is identical for more than one year. In such cases the year shown is the latest year of occurrence.

COTTON: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

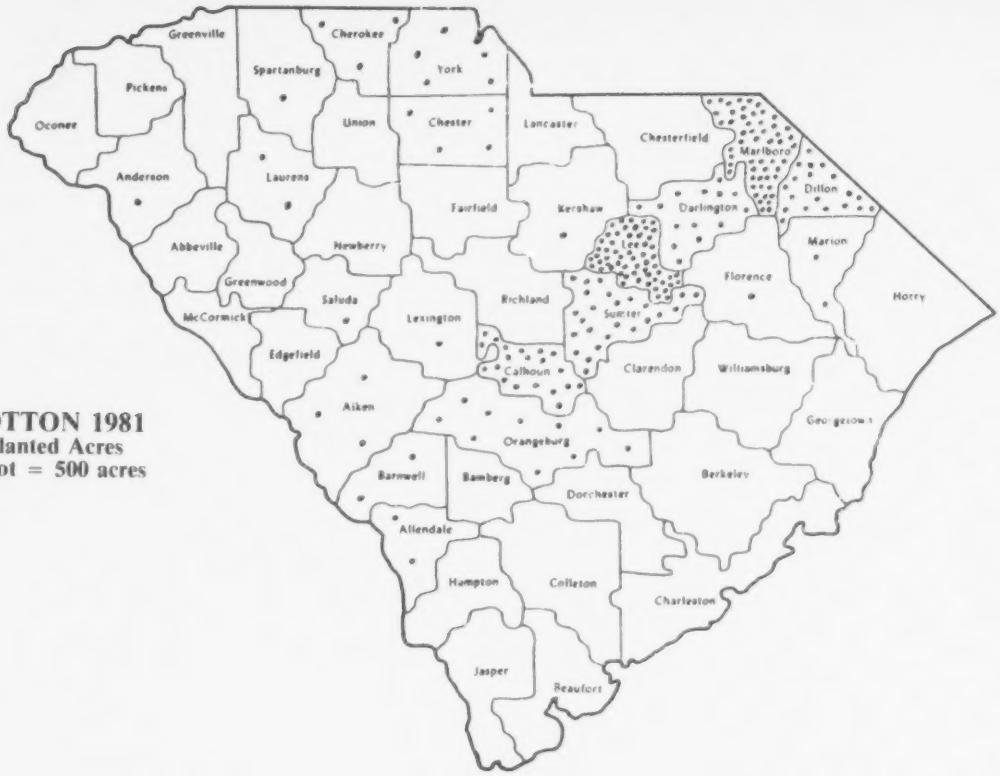
County	Acres Planted	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production 480 lb. net Weight bale	Value of Production
	Acres		Pounds	Bales	Thou. dols.
Abbeville	165	165	182	63	24
Aiken	1,550	1,540	226	720	275
Allendale	280	280	273	160	61
Anderson	---	---	--	---	---
Bamberg 1/					
Barnwell	240	240	217	110	42
Beaufort	---	---	--	---	---
Berkeley 1/					
Calhoun	10,400	10,200	457	9,650	3,688
Charleston	---	---	--	---	---
Cherokee	940	900	166	310	119
Chester	1,470	1,430	240	715	273
Chesterfield 1/					
Clarendon	4,200	4,000	428	3,550	1,357
Colleton 1/					
Darlington	6,350	6,200	273	3,500	1,337
Dillon	9,200	9,100	498	9,400	3,591
Dorchester	---	---	--	---	---
Edgefield 1/					
Fairfield	---	---	--	---	---
Florence	510	500	402	415	158
Georgetown	---	---	--	---	---
Greenville 1/					
Greenwood 1/					
Hampton 1/					
Horry	---	---	--	---	---
Jasper	---	---	--	---	---
Kershaw	1,240	1,210	211	535	204
Lancaster	---	---	--	---	---
Laurens	1,050	1,050	74	160	61
Lee	32,500	32,200	186	12,400	4,738
Lexington	280	270	110	60	23
McCormick 1/					
Marion	1,110	1,070	253	560	214
Marlboro	27,200	26,900	386	21,600	8,253
Newberry	---	---	--	---	---
Oconee 1/					
Orangeburg	4,370	4,300	452	4,030	1,540
Pickens	---	---	--	---	---
Richland 1/					
Saluda	485	445	453	420	160
Spartanburg	380	380	167	130	50
Sumter	13,800	13,600	215	6,050	2,311
Union	---	---	--	---	---
Williamsburg	---	---	--	---	---
York	2,290	2,160	312	1,400	535
Other Counties	1,990	1,860	276	1,062	406
STATE	122,000	120,000	309	77,000	29,420

1/ Included in other counties

COTTON: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Planted	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production 480 lb. net Weight bale	Value of Production
	Acres		Pounds	Bales	Thou. dols.
Abbeville 1/					
Aiken	1,490	1,470	728	2,220	617
Allendale	900	900	605	1,130	314
Anderson	440	410	293	250	69
Bamberg	230	230	412	200	56
Barnwell	850	850	429	760	211
Beaufort	---	---	--	---	---
Berkeley 1/					
Calhoun	9,900	9,900	811	16,700	4,641
Charleston	---	---	--	---	---
Cherokee	1,350	1,350	416	1,170	325
Chester	1,760	1,750	519	1,890	525
Chesterfield 1/					
Clarendon	3,200	3,200	615	4,100	1,139
Colleton	---	---	--	---	---
Darlington	7,000	6,700	680	9,500	2,640
Dillon	9,550	9,500	646	12,800	3,557
Dorchester	---	---	--	---	---
Edgefield 1/					
Fairfield	---	---	--	---	---
Florence	640	590	483	590	164
Georgetown	---	---	--	---	---
Greenville 1/					
Greenwood 1/					
Hampton 1/					
Horry	---	---	--	---	---
Jasper 1/					
Kershaw	540	540	547	610	170
Lancaster	---	---	--	---	---
Laurens	1,090	1,060	218	480	133
Lee	29,700	29,700	745	46,100	12,814
Lexington	400	400	568	480	133
McCormick 1/					
Marion	1,150	1,150	432	1,030	286
Marlboro	26,900	26,900	612	34,300	9,533
Newberry	---	---	--	---	---
Oconee	---	---	--	---	---
Orangeburg	4,800	4,800	773	7,750	2,154
Pickens	---	---	--	---	---
Richland 1/					
Saluda	405	400	1,099	915	254
Spartanburg	450	450	380	355	99
Sumter	12,300	12,000	600	15,000	4,169
Union	---	---	--	---	---
Williamsburg	155	155	559	175	49
York	2,550	2,410	787	3,950	1,098
Other Counties	1,250	1,185	620	1,545	429
STATE	119,000	118,000	667	164,000	45,579

1/Included in other counties



COTTON 1981
Planted Acres
1 Dot = 500 acres

CORN 1981
Planted Acres
1 Dot = 1,000 acres

CORN: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	1,000	500	25.4	12,700	39
Aiken	8,250	5,100	33.4	170,300	531
Allendale	19,100	18,800	54.6	1,026,500	3,202
Anderson	7,800	4,700	20.0	94,900	296
Bamberg	21,400	18,700	45.9	858,300	2,678
Barnwell	10,500	9,600	35.1	337,000	1,051
Beaufort	2,200	1,900	67.6	128,400	400
Berkeley	14,300	13,800	53.1	732,800	2,287
Calhoun	17,000	15,000	62.6	939,000	2,930
Charleston	5,000	4,900	65.2	319,500	997
Cherokee	1,100	500	39.2	19,600	62
Chester	2,100	800	30.5	24,400	76
Chesterfield	9,050	8,200	32.8	269,000	839
Clarendon	37,000	36,100	62.0	2,238,200	6,984
Colleton	17,100	16,500	52.1	859,700	2,682
Darlington	17,600	16,200	36.7	594,500	1,855
Dillon	14,200	13,700	57.7	790,500	2,467
Dorchester	13,500	11,700	49.4	578,000	1,803
Edgefield	1,200	500	36.0	18,000	56
Fairfield	650	300	35.7	10,700	33
Florence	39,900	37,600	38.1	1,432,600	4,470
Georgetown	7,850	7,400	34.8	257,500	803
Greenville	7,800	4,050	53.5	216,700	676
Greenwood 1/					
Hampton	22,700	21,900	48.3	1,057,800	3,300
Horry	39,400	37,700	49.5	1,866,200	5,823
Jasper	5,200	4,700	48.3	227,000	708
Kershaw	3,500	2,900	35.5	103,000	321
Lancaster	2,100	1,850	23.4	43,300	136
Laurens	4,900	1,900	20.2	38,400	119
Lee	16,300	15,100	37.8	570,800	1,781
Lexington	7,200	6,100	34.8	212,300	662
McCormick 1/					
Marion	14,700	13,700	45.9	628,800	1,963
Marlboro	10,000	9,600	58.8	564,500	1,761
Newberry	9,250	2,400	31.4	75,400	235
Oconee	2,050	1,350	39.3	53,100	166
Orangeburg	64,000	55,700	57.1	3,180,500	9,923
Pickens	2,600	1,350	21.3	28,800	90
Richland	6,500	5,800	44.7	259,300	809
Saluda	3,400	1,200	42.4	50,900	159
Spartanburg	5,200	3,100	48.8	151,300	472
Sumter	36,900	33,600	50.8	1,706,900	5,325
Union	850	450	36.0	16,200	51
Williamsburg	48,800	46,400	41.0	1,902,400	5,935
York	2,850	1,350	32.3	43,600	136
Other Counties	1,000	300	35.7	10,700	34
STATE	585,000	515,000	48.0	24,720,000	77,126

1/Included in other counties.

CORN: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	900	450	29.1	13,100	33
Aiken	8,700	6,800	56.2	382,200	956
Allendale	20,500	19,500	58.0	1,131,000	2,828
Anderson	6,350	4,200	34.5	144,900	362
Bamberg	23,000	20,500	52.0	1,066,000	2,665
Barnwell	11,800	11,400	57.0	649,800	1,625
Beaufort	3,250	2,900	51.2	148,500	371
Berkeley	15,800	15,400	48.0	739,200	1,848
Calhoun	16,600	15,800	75.8	1,197,600	2,994
Charleston	4,850	4,600	74.9	344,500	861
Cherokee	900	500	53.4	26,700	68
Chester	2,600	950	60.4	57,400	144
Chesterfield	9,500	5,700	46.6	265,600	664
Clarendon	45,300	42,500	71.7	3,047,300	7,618
Colleton	22,200	21,400	55.0	1,177,000	2,943
Darlington	21,400	19,600	40.5	793,800	1,985
Dillon	15,500	15,200	71.0	1,079,200	2,698
Dorchester	14,500	13,500	59.0	796,500	1,991
Edgefield	1,300	900	36.0	32,400	81
Fairfield	700	500	63.4	31,700	79
Florence	42,300	39,400	50.7	1,997,600	4,994
Georgetown	7,800	6,900	41.6	287,000	718
Greenville	6,400	3,700	42.1	155,800	390
Greenwood	750	300	26.0	7,800	20
Hampton	24,700	23,800	60.0	1,428,000	3,570
Horry	43,400	41,300	55.7	2,300,400	5,751
Jasper	6,400	5,400	49.9	269,500	674
Kershaw	4,800	3,950	45.5	179,700	449
Lancaster	1,500	1,300	65.6	85,300	213
Laurens	3,600	1,350	28.7	38,700	97
Lee	21,800	19,300	58.1	1,121,300	2,803
Lexington	6,700	5,900	57.5	339,300	848
McCormick	200	100	26.0	2,600	7
Marion	15,600	14,700	61.9	909,900	2,275
Marlboro	13,100	12,300	48.6	597,800	1,495
Newberry	9,100	2,900	50.1	145,300	363
Oconee	1,950	850	35.3	30,000	75
Orangeburg	73,000	61,200	67.7	4,143,200	10,352
Pickens	2,100	1,500	40.0	60,000	150
Richland	8,000	7,100	74.7	530,400	1,326
Saluda	3,450	1,850	65.2	120,600	302
Spartanburg	4,300	2,700	65.0	175,500	439
Sumter	42,800	39,100	64.6	2,525,900	6,315
Union	600	300	44.7	13,400	34
Williamsburg	52,300	48,800	48.6	2,371,700	5,929
York	2,700	1,700	58.2	98,900	247
STATE	645,000	570,000	58.0	33,060,000	82,650

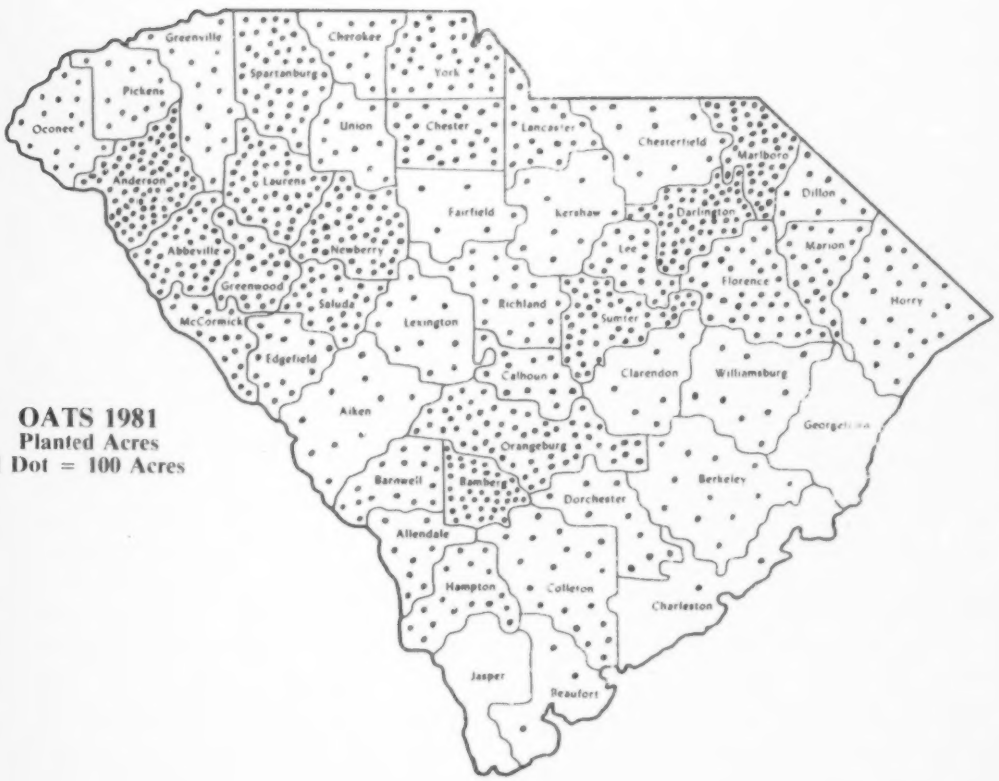
WHEAT: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	1,950	1,900	32.8	62,300	229
Aiken	3,450	3,300	29.3	96,700	356
Allendale	3,250	3,200	38.3	122,600	452
Anderson	11,100	10,300	32.1	330,600	1,216
Bamberg	3,950	3,350	29.3	98,200	361
Barnwell	3,000	2,700	38.3	103,400	380
Beaufort	900	850	29.9	25,400	93
Berkeley	2,950	2,350	30.8	72,400	267
Calhoun	9,600	9,400	35.1	329,900	1,214
Charleston	3,150	3,100	37.6	116,600	429
Cherokee	1,950	1,800	27.3	49,100	181
Chester	1,800	1,550	26.9	41,700	153
Chesterfield	5,150	5,000	26.0	130,000	478
Clarendon	10,000	8,950	37.9	339,200	1,248
Colleton	1,850	1,750	25.5	44,600	164
Darlington	17,300	16,700	40.6	678,000	2,495
Dillon	12,400	12,100	38.7	468,300	1,724
Dorchester	400	350	27.7	9,700	36
Edgefield	2,450	2,400	41.0	98,400	362
Fairfield	200	200	24.5	4,900	18
Florence	6,400	6,300	31.0	195,300	719
Georgetown	100	100	30.0	3,000	11
Greenville	1,700	1,350	34.6	46,700	172
Greenwood	1,650	1,600	29.2	46,700	172
Hampton	1,150	1,150	38.3	44,000	162
Horry	750	700	31.0	21,700	80
Jasper	300	200	26.5	5,300	20
Kershaw	2,950	2,550	33.7	85,900	316
Lancaster	550	550	40.2	22,100	82
Laurens	4,100	3,850	28.9	111,300	410
Lee	14,800	14,600	44.1	643,900	2,369
Lexington	5,800	5,500	32.1	176,600	649
McCormick	250	200	29.0	5,800	21
Marion	3,050	3,000	40.4	121,200	446
Marlboro	6,800	6,700	39.0	261,300	962
Newberry	8,400	6,700	34.8	233,200	858
Oconee	1,400	1,300	33.6	43,700	161
Orangeburg	13,300	12,800	39.3	503,000	1,851
Pickens	1,600	1,250	32.6	40,800	150
Richland	6,800	5,750	35.1	201,800	743
Saluda	6,150	5,400	34.8	187,900	691
Spartanburg	3,450	3,150	32.4	102,100	376
Sumter	7,900	7,800	41.0	319,800	1,177
Union	200	200	32.5	6,500	24
Williamsburg	4,450	4,300	32.9	141,500	520
York	4,200	3,750	31.7	118,900	438
STATE	205,000	192,000	36.0	6,912,000	25,436

WHEAT: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	2,500	2,450	32.0	78,400	255
Aiken	7,950	7,150	36.2	258,800	841
Allendale	8,000	7,900	39.9	315,200	1,024
Anderson	18,400	17,600	32.4	570,200	1,853
Bamberg	11,300	10,800	32.4	349,900	1,137
Barnwell	9,900	9,300	31.4	292,000	949
Beaufort	1,650	1,650	37.9	62,500	203
Berkeley	4,050	3,650	34.9	127,400	414
Calhoun	17,100	16,500	37.7	622,100	2,022
Charleston	4,700	4,500	29.9	134,600	437
Cherokee	3,200	2,950	33.9	100,000	325
Chester	2,500	2,250	33.8	76,000	247
Chesterfield	7,300	7,200	36.7	264,200	859
Clarendon	21,800	21,300	39.1	832,800	2,707
Colleton	3,800	3,700	28.8	106,600	346
Darlington	39,900	38,400	33.3	1,278,700	4,158
Dillon	24,600	24,000	33.2	796,800	2,590
Dorchester	2,250	2,200	27.8	61,200	199
Edgefield	4,100	4,050	45.1	182,700	594
Fairfield	400	300	30.7	9,200	30
Florence	21,500	21,200	32.2	682,600	2,218
Georgetown	1,950	1,750	31.7	55,500	180
Greenville	2,550	2,150	31.2	67,100	218
Greenwood	1,950	1,700	33.7	57,300	186
Hampton	9,950	9,900	42.9	424,700	1,380
Horry	4,700	4,350	29.7	129,200	420
Jasper	600	500	38.8	19,400	63
Kershaw	6,950	6,600	35.3	233,000	757
Lancaster	1,750	1,700	40.9	69,500	226
Laurens	8,800	8,400	33.4	280,600	912
Lee	25,500	25,200	35.2	887,000	2,883
Lexington	8,700	8,500	30.6	260,100	845
McCormick	450	400	24.5	9,800	32
Marion	9,050	8,900	33.5	298,200	969
Marlboro	13,500	13,300	31.7	421,600	1,370
Newberry	9,800	8,350	39.4	329,000	1,069
Oconee	2,050	1,850	35.5	65,700	214
Orangeburg	31,800	31,100	35.2	1,094,700	3,558
Pickens	1,700	1,400	27.4	38,400	125
Richland	7,600	6,600	38.1	251,400	817
Saluda	9,450	7,500	34.6	259,500	843
Spartanburg	7,700	7,100	34.5	245,000	796
Sumter	19,700	18,700	39.2	733,000	2,382
Union	300	250	36.4	9,100	30
Williamsburg	20,200	19,700	36.7	723,000	2,350
York	6,400	5,050	36.9	186,300	605
STATE	430,000	410,000	35.0	14,350,000	46,638

WHEAT 1981
Planted Acres
1 Dot = 1,000 Acres



OATS 1981
Planted Acres
1 Dot = 100 Acres

OATS: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	2,700	1,400	40.7	57,000	87
Aiken	1,100	700	39.7	27,800	42
Allendale	1,050	250	39.6	9,900	15
Anderson	6,200	2,750	50.3	138,300	210
Bamberg	3,050	1,500	45.2	67,800	103
Barnwell	1,450	700	34.3	24,000	36
Beaufort 1/					
Berkeley	1,300	250	46.4	11,600	17
Calhoun	1,550	1,250	43.7	54,600	83
Charleston 1/					
Cherokee	850	200	48.5	9,700	15
Chester	1,750	450	49.3	22,200	33
Chesterfield	950	650	40.0	26,000	39
Clarendon	800	400	51.0	20,400	31
Colleton	1,950	450	40.7	18,300	27
Darlington	3,650	2,900	58.4	169,400	257
Dillon	1,250	950	58.4	55,500	84
Dorchester	650	250	27.6	6,900	10
Edgefield	1,150	550	38.5	21,200	32
Fairfield	600	100	49.0	4,900	7
Florence	2,550	1,700	49.7	84,500	128
Georgetown	200	100	27.0	2,700	4
Greenville	1,450	650	45.4	29,500	44
Greenwood	1,800	400	60.5	24,200	36
Hampton	1,000	150	28.0	4,200	6
Horry	2,750	1,100	39.0	42,900	64
Jasper 1/					
Kershaw	800	300	54.3	16,300	24
Lancaster	1,200	650	61.2	39,800	60
Laurens	3,100	1,550	51.2	79,400	120
Lee	1,550	550	70.4	38,700	58
Lexington	1,100	500	44.8	22,400	34
McCormick	1,450	350	39.7	13,900	21
Marion	1,450	550	58.5	32,200	48
Marlboro	2,600	2,050	53.6	109,900	166
Newberry	4,300	1,250	53.8	67,300	102
Oconee	1,400	400	43.3	17,300	26
Orangeburg	5,500	3,900	31.6	123,200	186
Pickens	1,000	450	47.3	21,300	32
Richland	1,750	1,000	47.4	47,400	72
Saluda	2,400	550	60.9	33,500	50
Spartanburg	2,750	950	49.3	46,800	71
Sumter	4,750	3,600	66.3	238,700	362
Union	750	350	48.3	16,900	25
Williamsburg	600	300	48.7	14,600	22
York	2,350	800	51.5	41,200	62
Other Counties	450	150	38.0	5,700	9
STATE	83,000	40,000	49.0	1,960,000	2,960

1/Included in other counties.

OATS: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	3,650	1,550	42.2	65,400	118
Aiken	1,000	750	45.3	34,000	61
Allendale	750	250	36.2	9,050	16
Anderson	7,050	3,050	40.9	124,700	224
Bamberg	3,600	2,250	53.3	119,900	216
Barnwell	1,450	800	40.4	32,300	58
Beaufort	250	100	40.0	4,000	7
Berkeley	1,150	300	30.2	9,050	16
Calhoun	1,150	900	42.6	38,300	69
Charleston	150	50	40.0	2,000	4
Cherokee	750	200	51.0	10,200	18
Chester	2,650	800	43.3	34,600	62
Chesterfield	1,100	700	42.3	29,600	53
Clarendon	550	250	52.0	13,000	23
Colleton	1,900	800	48.3	38,600	69
Darlington	5,400	3,350	58.3	195,300	351
Dillon	800	400	60.3	24,100	43
Dorchester	850	300	40.3	12,100	22
Edgefield	1,300	600	60.7	36,400	66
Fairfield	500	200	42.0	4,200	8
Florence	3,200	2,250	40.2	90,500	163
Georgetown 1/					
Greenville	1,500	350	36.9	12,900	23
Greenwood	2,250	500	44.2	22,100	40
Hampton	1,550	600	47.3	28,400	51
Horry	2,450	1,000	32.2	32,200	58
Jasper 1/					
Kershaw	850	600	50.7	30,400	55
Lancaster	1,700	1,300	49.5	64,400	116
Laurens	4,500	2,400	63.2	151,700	273
Lee	1,650	850	61.4	52,200	94
Lexington	950	550	33.1	18,200	33
McCormick	1,550	450	36.0	16,200	29
Marion	2,000	900	30.1	27,100	49
Marlboro	4,350	3,100	38.2	118,400	213
Newberry	4,500	1,700	59.7	101,500	183
Oconee	1,500	450	35.8	16,100	29
Orangeburg	5,600	3,200	39.7	127,000	229
Pickens	1,050	400	35.8	14,300	26
Richland	1,700	950	37.8	35,900	65
Saluda	2,450	1,050	44.3	46,500	84
Spartanburg	4,000	2,500	66.4	166,000	299
Sumter	4,600	3,400	37.8	128,500	231
Union	950	350	40.9	14,300	26
Williamsburg	900	650	37.1	24,100	43
York	3,100	900	31.7	28,500	51
Other Counties	150	100	38.0	3,800	7
STATE	95,000	48,000	46.0	2,208,000	3,974

1/Included in other counties.

BARLEY: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	650	600	48.2	28,900	60
Aiken	200	150	40.0	6,000	12
Allendale 1/					
Anderson	5,100	4,700	46.4	218,100	451
Bamberg 1/					
Barnwell 1/					
Beaufort 1/					
Berkeley 1/					
Calhoun	900	850	41.1	34,900	73
Charleston 1/					
Cherokee	600	550	46.4	25,500	53
Chester	200	150	41.3	6,200	13
Chesterfield	250	200	40.5	8,100	17
Clarendon	150	150	36.0	5,400	11
Colleton 1/					
Darlington	150	150	50.7	7,600	16
Dillon	200	200	38.5	7,700	16
Dorchester	200	200	41.5	8,300	17
Edgefield	200	150	45.3	6,800	14
Fairfield 1/					
Florence	150	100	51.0	5,100	10
Georgetown 1/					
Greenville	2,050	2,000	52.7	105,400	218
Greenwood	250	200	30.0	6,000	12
Hampton	100	100	41.0	4,100	8
Horry 1/					
Jasper 1/					
Kershaw	150	100	46.0	4,600	9
Lancaster 1/					
Laurens	1,900	1,550	34.8	53,900	112
Lee	200	200	46.0	9,200	19
Lexington	400	400	46.0	18,400	38
McCormick 1/					
Marion 1/					
Marlboro	1,250	1,150	41.7	48,000	99
Newberry	2,350	2,100	38.2	80,200	166
Oconee	850	800	36.8	29,400	61
Orangeburg	550	500	61.4	30,700	64
Pickens	400	350	34.9	12,200	25
Richland	550	500	52.2	26,100	55
Saluda	600	450	45.1	20,300	42
Spartanburg	2,600	2,100	39.0	81,900	170
Sumter	550	500	51.4	25,700	54
Union	400	250	34.8	8,700	18
Williamsburg 1/					
York	1,200	950	53.5	50,800	105
Other Counties	700	650	42.7	27,800	57
STATE	26,000	23,000	44.0	1,012,000	2,095

1/Included in other counties.

BARLEY: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	450	400	48.3	19,300	46
Aiken	350	300	40.0	12,000	29
Allendale 1/					
Anderson	5,600	5,200	44.7	232,400	558
Bamberg	100	100	46.0	4,600	11
Barnwell 1/					
Beaufort 1/					
Berkeley 1/					
Calhoun	1,050	1,000	31.9	31,900	77
Charleston 1/					
Cherokee	1,000	950	37.9	36,000	86
Chester	150	120	30.0	3,600	9
Chesterfield	800	700	41.7	29,200	70
Clarendon	350	300	36.7	11,000	26
Colleton	100	100	31.0	3,100	7
Darlington	250	200	44.0	8,800	21
Dillon	100	90	42.2	3,800	9
Dorchester	100	100	40.0	4,000	10
Edgefield	150	120	39.2	4,700	11
Fairfield 1/					
Florence	200	160	50.0	8,000	19
Georgetown 1/					
Greenville	2,000	1,800	33.9	61,000	146
Greenwood	200	170	39.4	6,700	16
Hampton	150	150	35.3	5,300	13
Horry 1/					
Jasper 1/					
Kershaw	150	120	33.3	4,000	10
Lancaster	150	120	25.0	3,000	7
Laurens	3,000	2,750	48.0	132,000	317
Lee	150	130	34.6	4,500	11
Lexington	500	450	50.0	22,500	54
McCormick 1/					
Marion	350	300	43.0	12,900	31
Marlboro	550	500	46.6	23,300	56
Newberry	2,500	2,300	52.5	120,800	290
Oconee	900	800	51.3	41,000	98
Orangeburg	550	500	48.0	24,000	58
Pickens	500	450	48.2	21,700	52
Richland	650	570	45.3	25,800	62
Saluda	900	670	47.3	31,700	76
Spartanburg	2,900	2,650	43.9	116,300	279
Sumter	850	750	29.3	22,000	53
Union	600	500	48.0	24,000	58
Williamsburg 1/					
York	1,300	1,100	28.2	31,000	74
Other Counties	400	380	39.7	15,100	36
STATE	30,000	27,000	43.0	1,161,000	2,786

1/Included in other counties.

BARLEY 1981
Planted Acres
1 Dot = 100 Acres

RYE 1981
Planted Acres
1 Dot = 500 Acres

RYE: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville 1/					
Aiken	6,800	1,350	19.6	26,500	86
Allendale	10,300	2,000	21.5	43,000	139
Anderson	600	170	32.4	5,500	18
Bamberg	10,300	1,500	21.5	32,300	104
Barnwell	3,400	500	19.4	9,700	31
Beaufort	600	100	20.0	2,000	6
Berkeley	500	100	20.0	2,000	6
Calhoun	2,000	1,000	22.0	22,000	70
Charleston	800	100	20.0	2,000	6
Cherokee 1/					
Chester 1/					
Chesterfield	15,200	5,000	21.9	109,500	355
Clarendon	2,300	700	20.9	14,600	47
Colleton	2,500	450	26.7	12,000	38
Darlington	12,800	3,000	22.7	68,100	220
Dillon	1,200	250	26.4	6,600	21
Dorchester	700	150	15.3	2,300	7
Edgefield	1,600	200	19.0	3,800	12
Fairfield 1/					
Florence	950	150	26.0	3,900	13
Georgetown 1/					
Greenville 1/					
Greenwood 1/					
Hampton	9,800	2,200	25.6	56,300	181
Horry	800	150	14.7	2,200	7
Jasper	2,700	900	20.4	18,400	59
Kershaw	2,400	600	17.3	10,400	33
Lancaster 1/					
Laurens 1/					
Lee	1,500	300	18.0	5,400	17
Lexington	11,100	1,900	19.5	37,100	120
McCormick 1/					
Marion	1,100	300	21.0	6,300	20
Marlboro	2,500	700	17.6	12,300	39
Newberry	600	100	19.0	1,900	6
Oconee 1/					
Orangeburg	10,200	2,000	25.1	50,200	162
Pickens 1/					
Richland 1/					
Saluda	2,100	300	21.7	6,500	21
Spartanburg 1/					
Sumter	4,200	1,000	24.5	24,500	79
Union 1/					
Williamsburg	750	100	25.0	2,500	8
York 1/					
Other Counties	3,700	730	22.2	16,200	53
STATE	126,000	28,000	22.0	616,000	1,984

1/Included in other counties.

RYE: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville 1/					
Aiken	7,150	1,200	24.4	29,300	100
Allendale	7,200	1,800	23.4	42,100	143
Anderson	550	140	17.9	2,500	9
Bamberg	10,800	1,700	26.5	45,000	153
Barnwell	2,050	400	27.5	11,000	37
Beaufort	500	100	25.0	2,500	9
Berkeley 1/					
Calhoun	1,400	300	20.3	6,100	21
Charleston	650	100	18.0	1,800	6
Cherokee 1/					
Chester 1/					
Chesterfield	17,600	7,550	16.4	123,800	421
Clarendon	1,350	500	17.2	8,600	29
Colleton	2,350	750	29.5	22,100	75
Darlington	13,000	3,500	22.0	77,000	262
Dillon	1,200	500	19.4	9,700	33
Dorchester	750	150	22.7	3,400	12
Edgefield	1,200	300	23.3	7,000	24
Fairfield 1/					
Florence	750	200	18.0	3,600	12
Georgetown 1/					
Greenville 1/					
Greenwood 1/					
Hampton	10,200	3,700	26.5	98,000	333
Horry	950	400	14.5	5,800	20
Jasper	2,150	550	25.5	14,000	48
Kershaw	2,700	600	20.3	12,200	41
Lancaster 1/					
Laurens 1/					
Lee	900	150	18.0	2,700	9
Lexington	7,650	2,700	21.5	58,000	197
McCormick 1/					
Marion	850	200	29.0	5,800	20
Marlboro	2,800	950	14.8	14,100	48
Newberry 1/					
Oconee 1/					
Orangeburg	11,100	2,000	28.0	56,000	190
Pickens 1/					
Richland	500	100	33.0	3,300	11
Saluda	2,100	200	32.0	6,400	22
Spartanburg 1/					
Sumter	4,700	1,050	25.8	27,100	92
Union 1/					
Williamsburg	850	200	23.0	4,600	16
York 1/					
Other Counties	4,050	1,010	22.3	22,500	75
STATE	120,000	33,000	22.0	726,000	2,468

1/Included in other counties.

ALL HAY: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production	Value of Production
	Acres	Tons	Tons.	Thou. dols.
Abbeville	5,600	1.45	8,100	543
Aiken	6,900	1.55	10,700	717
Allendale	2,100	2.19	4,600	308
Anderson	11,800	1.27	15,000	1,005
Bamberg	3,500	2.31	8,100	543
Barnwell	3,800	1.74	6,600	442
Beaufort	1,000	2.40	2,400	161
Berkeley	1,900	1.58	3,000	201
Calhoun	2,600	2.46	6,400	429
Charleston	1,000	2.10	2,100	141
Cherokee	4,500	1.27	5,700	382
Chester	4,900	1.39	6,800	456
Chesterfield	5,200	1.52	7,900	529
Clarendon	1,100	3.64	4,000	268
Colleton	4,100	2.44	10,000	670
Darlington	4,300	1.72	7,400	496
Dillon	1,400	3.14	4,400	295
Dorchester	2,000	2.15	4,300	288
Edgefield	3,500	1.40	4,900	328
Fairfield	4,300	1.28	5,500	368
Florence	800	2.38	1,900	127
Georgetown	300	2.33	700	47
Greenville	8,300	1.58	13,100	878
Greenwood	6,400	1.64	10,500	703
Hampton	4,000	2.68	10,700	717
Horry	1,400	2.14	3,000	201
Jasper	1,000	3.60	3,600	241
Kershaw	3,000	1.77	5,300	355
Lancaster	4,900	1.18	5,800	389
Laurens	10,800	1.78	19,200	1,286
Lee	2,600	1.73	4,500	302
Lexington	6,100	1.72	10,500	704
McCormick	1,400	1.07	1,500	100
Marion	1,500	1.60	2,400	161
Marlboro	5,100	1.82	9,300	623
Newberry	11,700	1.37	16,000	1,072
Oconee	6,200	1.37	8,500	569
Orangeburg	8,800	3.10	27,300	1,829
Pickens	4,300	1.21	5,200	348
Richland	3,600	1.94	7,000	469
Saluda	12,000	1.55	18,600	1,246
Spartanburg	10,400	1.58	16,400	1,099
Sumter	4,000	1.50	6,000	402
Union	4,000	1.53	6,100	409
Williamsburg	800	2.63	2,100	141
York	9,100	1.20	10,900	730
STATE	208,000	1.70	354,000	23,718

ALL HAY: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production	Value of Production
	Acres	Tons	Tons.	Thou. dols.
Abbeville	6,000	1.28	7,700	566
Aiken	7,000	2.17	15,200	1,117
Allendale	1,700	3.00	5,100	375
Anderson	13,100	1.34	17,600	1,294
Bamberg	3,400	2.62	8,900	654
Barnwell	4,200	2.88	12,100	889
Beaufort	1,100	2.00	2,200	162
Berkeley	1,700	1.53	2,600	191
Calhoun	2,900	2.76	8,000	588
Charleston	1,100	2.91	3,200	235
Cherokee	4,800	1.00	4,800	353
Chester	5,300	1.64	8,700	639
Chesterfield	5,600	1.96	11,000	809
Clarendon	800	3.38	2,700	198
Colleton	4,100	2.12	8,700	639
Darlington	4,800	1.96	9,400	691
Dillon	1,500	3.53	5,300	390
Dorchester	2,300	2.30	5,300	390
Edgefield	3,800	1.13	4,300	316
Fairfield	4,900	1.08	5,300	390
Florence	900	2.56	2,300	169
Georgetown	300	3.00	900	66
Greenville	8,100	1.09	8,800	647
Greenwood	5,900	1.39	8,200	603
Hampton	4,400	2.86	12,600	926
Horry	1,600	2.13	3,400	250
Jasper	1,200	4.00	4,800	353
Kershaw	3,200	2.19	7,000	515
Lancaster	4,800	1.44	6,900	507
Laurens	12,300	1.24	15,200	1,117
Lee	2,700	2.22	6,000	441
Lexington	6,600	3.53	23,300	1,713
McCormick	1,500	1.07	1,600	118
Marion	1,800	1.89	3,400	250
Marlboro	5,700	2.53	14,400	1,058
Newberry	12,900	2.12	27,300	2,007
Oconee	5,900	1.24	7,300	537
Orangeburg	9,700	3.18	30,800	2,262
Pickens	4,300	1.19	5,100	375
Richland	4,000	2.03	8,100	595
Saluda	12,400	2.08	25,800	1,896
Spartanburg	9,400	1.14	10,700	786
Sumter	4,200	3.29	13,800	1,014
Union	4,300	1.19	5,100	375
Williamsburg	700	2.00	1,400	103
York	9,100	1.29	11,700	860
STATE	218,000	1.90	414,000	30,429

ALL HAY 1981
Harvested Acres
1 Dot = 300 acres

SORGHUMS 1981
Planted Acres
1 Dot = 100 Acres

SORGHUMS: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production For Grain
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	390	240	16.7	4,000	11
Aiken	830	160	13.8	2,200	6
Allendale	390	120	16.7	2,000	5
Anderson	3,000	1,870	15.2	28,400	75
Bamberg	780	210	20.5	4,300	11
Barnwell	190	60	16.7	1,000	3
Beaufort	330	110	23.6	2,600	7
Berkeley	150	100	16.0	1,600	4
Calhoun	160	60	25.0	1,500	4
Charleston 1/					
Cherokee	1,400	1,160	18.4	21,300	57
Chester	1,100	380	26.3	10,000	27
Chesterfield	1,500	1,220	28.9	35,300	93
Clarendon	200	80	25.0	2,000	5
Colleton	210	60	16.7	1,000	3
Darlington	500	390	47.4	18,500	49
Dillon	100	60	28.3	1,700	4
Dorchester 1/					
Edgefield	600	200	13.5	2,700	7
Fairfield 1/					
Florence	400	210	28.6	6,000	16
Georgetown 1/					
Greenville	1,000	440	25.0	11,000	29
Greenwood	320	80	11.3	900	2
Hampton 1/					
Horry	250	180	22.8	4,100	11
Jasper 1/					
Kershaw	300	100	23.0	2,300	6
Lancaster	550	470	32.6	15,300	41
Laurens	1,700	670	16.1	10,800	29
Lee	200	60	25.0	1,500	4
Lexington	720	380	29.2	11,100	29
McCormick	390	130	13.8	1,800	5
Marion	200	150	28.7	4,300	11
Marlboro 1/					
Newberry	2,740	1,150	12.8	14,700	39
Oconee	300	90	12.2	1,100	3
Orangeburg	1,440	410	31.0	12,700	34
Pickens	400	180	13.9	2,500	7
Richland	320	90	24.4	2,200	6
Saluda	1,030	240	18.8	4,500	12
Spartanburg	3,000	2,250	22.8	51,300	131
Sumter	660	220	27.7	6,100	16
Union	400	140	15.0	2,100	6
Williamsburg	250	130	28.5	3,700	10
York	1,000	520	29.4	15,300	41
Other Counties	600	230	20.0	4,600	12
STATE	30,000	15,000	22.0	330,000	871

1/Included in other counties.

SORGHUMS: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Grain	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production for Grain	Value of Production For Grain
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	450	250	25.2	6,300	25
Aiken	450	100	33.0	3,300	13
Allendale	900	600	24.5	14,700	59
Anderson	3,400	2,000	24.0	48,000	192
Bamberg	1,150	450	34.2	15,400	62
Barnwell	200	100	39.0	3,900	16
Beaufort	250	100	39.0	3,900	16
Berkeley 1/					
Calhoun 1/					
Charleston 1/					
Cherokee	1,450	1,000	43.8	43,800	175
Chester	1,100	300	56.3	16,900	68
Chesterfield	1,150	1,000	33.7	33,700	135
Clarendon 1/					
Colleton	350	100	32.0	3,200	13
Darlington	750	500	17.4	8,700	35
Dillon	200	150	23.3	3,500	14
Dorchester 1/					
Edgefield	650	350	50.3	17,600	70
Fairfield 1/					
Florence	350	200	19.5	3,900	16
Georgetown 1/					
Greenville	1,300	500	29.2	14,600	58
Greenwood 1/					
Hampton	1,050	650	30.8	20,000	80
Horry 1/					
Jasper 1/					
Kershaw	700	450	38.0	17,100	68
Lancaster	500	300	41.0	12,300	49
Laurens	2,500	1,350	28.7	38,700	155
Lee	250	100	34.0	3,400	14
Lexington	800	500	26.8	13,400	54
McCormick 1/					
Marion	250	200	16.5	3,300	13
Marlboro	500	350	14.6	5,100	20
Newberry	3,400	1,300	45.3	58,900	234
Oconee	350	100	21.0	2,100	8
Orangeburg	1,200	350	36.6	12,800	51
Pickens	300	150	28.0	4,200	17
Richland	350	200	41.5	8,300	33
Saluda	2,000	500	41.2	20,600	82
Spartanburg	2,800	2,050	24.3	49,800	199
Sumter	800	350	32.0	11,200	45
Union	400	250	38.8	9,700	39
Williamsburg	200	100	39.0	3,900	16
York	1,100	500	47.0	23,500	94
Other Counties	1,450	550	29.6	16,300	66
STATE	35,000	18,000	32.0	576,000	2,304

1/Included in other counties.

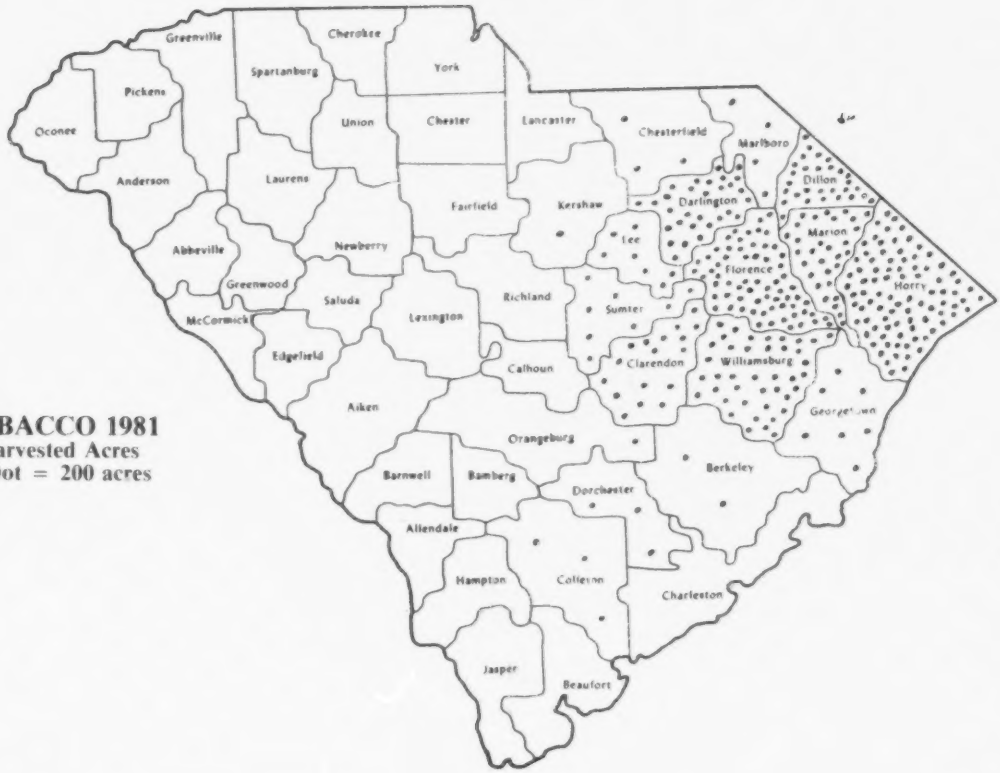
SOYBEANS FOR BEANS: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Beans	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	9,700	8,100	11.0	89,000	699
Aiken	63,400	57,800	11.4	659,000	5,173
Allendale	58,400	54,900	13.0	714,000	5,605
Anderson	48,300	44,400	9.8	435,000	3,415
Bamberg	50,600	48,500	14.4	698,000	5,479
Barnwell	56,900	54,600	8.8	480,000	3,768
Beaufort	11,100	10,200	17.8	182,000	1,429
Berkeley	15,100	14,300	17.4	249,000	1,955
Calhoun	47,300	44,400	15.4	684,000	5,369
Charleston	25,000	24,400	20.1	490,000	3,847
Cherokee	14,900	14,000	9.8	137,000	1,076
Chester	9,500	8,750	12.7	111,000	871
Chesterfield	53,500	49,700	10.6	527,000	4,137
Clarendon	77,600	74,800	17.0	1,272,000	9,985
Colleton	38,900	37,100	14.7	545,000	4,278
Darlington	97,800	90,900	9.1	827,000	6,492
Dillon	54,800	53,100	14.4	765,000	6,005
Dorchester	22,600	21,500	13.4	288,000	2,261
Edgefield	16,400	14,000	16.8	235,000	1,845
Fairfield	900	750	13.3	10,000	79
Florence	96,100	92,700	11.5	1,066,000	8,368
Georgetown	9,400	9,100	15.9	145,000	1,138
Greenville	14,900	13,100	12.1	159,000	1,248
Greenwood	3,400	2,400	9.6	23,000	181
Hampton	65,500	62,500	12.4	775,000	6,084
Horry	60,800	58,400	18.3	1,069,000	8,392
Jasper	15,700	14,600	14.0	204,000	1,601
Kershaw	20,300	18,500	8.8	163,000	1,280
Lancaster	10,700	8,800	13.3	117,000	918
Laurens	24,100	21,400	11.2	240,000	1,884
Lee	63,900	61,000	11.1	677,000	5,315
Lexington	31,200	28,800	10.6	305,000	2,394
McCormick	500	400	10.0	4,000	31
Marion	39,200	37,200	13.0	484,000	3,799
Marlboro	54,500	52,000	10.6	551,000	4,325
Newberry	17,000	13,300	12.4	165,000	1,295
Oconee	4,300	4,050	9.4	38,000	298
Orangeburg	145,900	140,600	13.6	1,912,000	15,009
Pickens	2,700	2,000	9.0	18,000	141
Richland	21,800	20,000	12.8	256,000	2,010
Saluda	21,500	19,200	13.8	265,000	2,080
Spartanburg	38,300	35,900	11.7	420,000	3,297
Sumter	68,400	64,700	11.7	757,000	5,943
Union	3,000	2,550	14.5	37,000	290
Williamsburg	73,700	70,900	17.6	1,248,000	9,797
York	20,500	19,700	15.5	305,000	2,394
STATE	1,700,000	1,600,000	13.0	20,800,000	163,280

SOYBEANS FOR BEANS: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Planted For All Purposes	Acres Harvested For Beans	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production	Value of Production
	Acres		Bushels		Thou. dols.
Abbeville	7,700	7,000	11.9	83,000	515
Aiken	55,800	52,500	18.8	987,000	6,119
Allendale	61,900	61,000	20.3	1,238,000	7,676
Anderson	41,500	38,800	11.4	442,000	2,740
Bamberg	54,100	53,200	24.8	1,319,000	8,178
Barnwell	49,300	48,200	19.3	930,000	5,766
Beaufort	13,000	11,600	25.6	297,000	1,841
Berkeley	12,300	12,000	22.8	274,000	1,699
Calhoun	44,800	44,000	22.9	1,008,000	6,250
Charleston	26,700	25,800	26.9	694,000	4,303
Cherokee	14,900	13,600	15.6	212,000	1,314
Chester	7,800	7,500	25.3	190,000	1,178
Chesterfield	46,000	44,900	18.5	831,000	5,152
Clarendon	78,700	76,700	19.8	1,519,000	9,418
Colleton	37,300	36,400	19.6	713,000	4,421
Darlington	95,900	94,200	20.4	1,922,000	11,916
Dillon	53,200	52,400	24.2	1,268,000	7,862
Dorchester	20,700	20,200	22.7	459,000	2,846
Edgefield	11,100	10,700	15.3	164,000	1,017
Fairfield	700	500	26.0	13,000	81
Florence	94,200	92,300	20.8	1,920,000	11,904
Georgetown	9,100	8,700	24.7	215,000	1,333
Greenville	13,200	12,100	14.0	169,000	1,048
Greenwood	2,600	2,100	16.2	34,000	211
Hampton	59,400	57,700	26.4	1,523,000	9,443
Horry	60,200	58,300	23.0	1,341,000	8,314
Jasper	12,000	11,700	21.8	255,000	1,581
Kershaw	17,700	17,300	21.0	363,000	2,251
Lancaster	10,400	10,100	25.7	260,000	1,612
Laurens	20,200	18,900	14.5	274,000	1,699
Lee	62,900	61,300	17.1	1,048,000	6,498
Lexington	31,000	30,100	19.2	578,000	3,584
McCormick	400	400	15.0	6,000	37
Marion	38,800	37,800	21.6	816,000	5,059
Marlboro	55,600	54,500	23.3	1,270,000	7,874
Newberry	16,400	15,100	25.2	381,000	2,362
Oconee	3,900	3,600	8.9	32,000	198
Orangeburg	136,700	134,000	22.3	2,988,000	18,522
Pickens	2,200	1,500	12.0	18,000	112
Richland	21,500	21,100	21.8	460,000	2,852
Saluda	17,400	16,700	24.8	414,000	2,567
Spartanburg	35,900	33,200	16.6	551,000	3,416
Sumter	59,400	57,400	20.7	1,188,000	7,366
Union	2,800	2,300	16.5	38,000	236
Williamsburg	67,000	65,500	22.2	1,454,000	9,015
York	15,700	15,100	25.9	391,000	2,424
STATE	1,600,000	1,550,000	21.0	32,550,000	201,810

SOYBEANS 1981
Planted Acres
1 Dot = 2,500 acres



TOBACCO 1981
Harvested Acres
1 Dot = 200 acres

FLUE-CURED TOBACCO-TYPE 13: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production	Value of Production
	Acres	Pounds	Thou. Pounds	Thou Dols.
Bamberg	45	1,780	80	112
Berkeley	375	1,885	707	986
Chesterfield	580	1,705	990	1,381
Clarendon	3,240	1,950	6,312	8,805
Colleton	590	1,680	990	1,381
Darlington	5,330	1,595	8,507	11,867
Dillon	5,570	1,960	10,915	15,226
Dorchester	485	2,095	1,017	1,419
Florence	11,900	1,810	21,546	30,057
Georgetown	1,540	2,145	3,303	4,608
Horry	18,400	2,140	39,338	54,876
Kershaw	160	1,400	224	312
Lee	1,170	1,435	1,681	2,345
Marion	5,640	1,865	10,508	14,659
Marlboro	940	1,955	1,836	2,561
Orangeburg	150	1,900	285	398
Sumter	1,440	1,835	2,642	3,686
Williamsburg	7,400	1,960	14,506	20,236
Other Counties	45	1,400	63	88
STATE	65,000	1,930	125,450	175,003

FLUE-CURED TOBACCO-TYPE 13: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production	Value of Production
	Acres	Pounds	Thou. Pounds	Thou Dols.
Bamberg	45	2,180	98	162
Berkeley	375	2,110	792	1,311
Chesterfield	610	1,945	1,185	1,961
Clarendon	3,440	2,215	7,618	12,608
Colleton	515	2,090	1,076	1,781
Darlington	6,080	2,120	12,883	21,321
Dillon	5,850	2,235	13,085	21,656
Dorchester	600	2,205	1,322	2,188
Florence	13,100	2,115	27,675	45,802
Georgetown	1,500	2,095	3,141	5,198
Horry	17,800	2,255	40,098	66,363
Kershaw	220	2,050	451	746
Lee	1,320	2,075	2,738	4,531
Marion	5,870	2,210	12,959	21,447
Marlboro	890	1,985	1,766	2,923
Orangeburg	140	1,865	261	432
Sumter	1,500	2,135	3,203	5,301
Williamsburg	8,100	2,240	18,138	30,018
Other Counties	45	2,020	91	151
STATE	68,000	2,185	148,580	245,900

PEANUTS: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production	Value of Production
	Acres	Pounds	Pounds	Thou Dols.
Aiken	500	520	260,000	56
Allendale	765	1,315	1,006,000	217
Bamberg	125	2,105	263,000	57
Barnwell	1,070	930	995,000	215
Clarendon	220	2,175	479,000	104
Florence	1,380	1,265	1,746,000	377
Hampton	1,300	1,635	2,126,000	459
Kershaw	210	1,420	298,000	64
Lee	2,020	620	1,252,000	270
Orangeburg	90	1,080	97,000	21
Sumter	4,820	1,110	5,350,000	1,156
Other Counties	500	856	428,000	93
STATE	13,000	1,100	14,300,000	3,089

PEANUTS: Acreage, Yield, Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre	Production	Value of Production
	Acres	Pounds	Pounds	Thou Dols.
Aiken	970	3,015	2,924,000	877
Allendale	990	3,020	2,988,000	896
Bamberg	135	2,835	383,000	115
Barnwell	1,970	2,865	5,643,000	1,693
Clarendon	230	3,285	756,000	227
Florence	1,270	2,210	2,805,000	842
Hampton	1,375	2,650	3,644,000	1,093
Kershaw	190	2,240	425,000	128
Lee	2,260	2,930	6,628,000	1,988
Orangeburg	90	1,945	175,000	53
Sumter	4,960	2,420	12,016,000	3,600
Other Counties	560	1,095	613,000	188
STATE	15,000	2,600	39,000,000	11,700

PEACHES: Utilized Production and Value, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980 and 1981

County	1980		1981	
	Production	Value of Production	Production	Value of Production
	Thou. lbs.	Thou. dols.	Thou. lbs.	Thou. dols.
Aiken	9,984	1,757	11,373	1,683
Barnwell	8,880	1,563	9,500	1,406
Cherokee	30,240	5,322	32,660	4,834
Chesterfield	18,768	3,303	14,450	2,139
Edgefield	111,648	19,650	130,954	19,381
Greenville	12,054	2,122	8,440	1,249
Lexington	11,376	2,002	13,200	1,954
Orangeburg	5,274	928	4,747	702
Saluda	32,640	5,745	43,940	6,503
Spartanburg	82,704	14,556	115,786	17,136
York	3,456	608	5,180	767
Other Counties	27,976	4,924	29,770	4,406
STATE	355,000	62,480	420,000	62,160

APPLES: Utilized Production by Varieties, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980

County	Red Delicious	Golden Delicious	Other Varieties	Total
	Thousand Pounds			
Oconee	12,800	2,800	1,900	17,500
Spartanburg	9,600	2,100	800	12,500
Other Counties	1,400	500	100	2,000
STATE	23,800	5,400	2,800	32,000

APPLES: Utilized Production by Varieties, by Counties, South Carolina, 1981

County	Red Delicious	Golden Delicious	Other Varieties	Total
	ThousandPounds			
Oconee	12,400	2,100	1,500	16,000
Spartanburg	12,600	2,800	300	15,700
Other Counties	2,500	600	200	3,300
STATE	27,500	5,500	2,000	35,000

WATERMELONS, Summer: Acreage, Yield, Production, and Value of Production, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980 and 1981

County	1980				1981 1/			
	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre 2/	Production	Value of Production	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre 2/	Production	Value of Production
	---Acres---	--- Cwt. ---	- Thou.lbs. -	-Thou. dols.-	---Acres---	--- Cwt. ---	-Thou.lbs.-	-Thou. dols.-
Aiken	320	75	2,400	95	270	60	1,632	37
Allendale	1,950	77	15,096	601	1,150	131	15,048	395
Bamberg	1,600	121	19,368	771	1,400	182	25,472	1,030
Barnwell	2,300	120	27,600	1,099	2,200	100	22,000	660
Beaufort	130	72	936	37	100	60	600	24
Charleston	220	81	1,776	71	3/	3/	3/	3/
Chesterfield	1,700	56	9,600	382	1,820	70	12,658	407
Clarendon	170	73	1,248	50	140	58	816	24
Colleton	160	74	1,176	47	110	130	1,430	43
Darlington	210	80	1,680	67	3/	3/	3/	3/
Dorchester	200	72	1,440	57	3/	3/	3/	3/
Hampton	1,680	89	14,880	592	2,000	144	28,800	991
Horry	3/	3/	3/	3/	300	122	3,648	152
Jasper	190	76	1,440	57	150	70	1,056	31
Kershaw	200	48	960	38	200	59	1,176	27
Lancaster	60	84	504	20	3/	3/	3/	3/
Lexington	100	86	864	34	3/	3/	3/	3/
Marlboro	70	82	576	23	3/	3/	3/	3/
Orangeburg	310	91	2,832	113	310	60	1,872	62
Spartanburg	130	55	720	29	230	99	2,280	57
Other Counties	300	57	1,704	68	1,120	72	8,012	222
STATE	12,000	89	106,800	4,251	11,500	110	126,500	4,162

1/Preliminary. 2/Yields are derived from total production. 3/Shown in other counties.

TOMATOES: For Fresh Market - Acreage, Yield, Production and Value of Production, by Counties, South Carolina, 1980 and 1981

County	1980				1981 1/			
	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre 2/	Production	Value of Production	Acres Harvested	Yield per Harvested Acre 2/	Production	Value of Production
	---Acres---	--- Cwt. ---	- Thou.lbs. -	-Thou. dols.-	--- Acres ---	--- Cwt. ---	-Thou.lbs.-	-Thou. dols.-
Beaufort	2,850	153	43,610	7,496	3,000	200	60,000	7,632
Charleston	3,250	174	56,550	9,721	4,100	187	76,700	10,738
Lexington	100	90	900	155	140	132	1,850	265
Orangeburg	300	87	2,610	449	380	126	4,790	670
Other Counties	700	76	5,330	916	880	110	9,660	1,350
STATE	7,200	151	109,000	18,737	8,500	180	153,000	20,655

1/Preliminary. 2/Yields are derived from total production. 3/Economic abandonment estimated at 24 million lbs. not included above.

GRAINS: Stocks On Farms, Off Farms, and in All Positions, South Carolina, Quarterly, 1977 - 1981

YEAR	STOCKS ON FARM				STOCKS IN OFF-FARM POSITIONS				TOTAL STOCKS ALL POSITIONS			
	Jan. 1	Apr. 1	Jun. 1	Oct. 1	Jan. 1	Apr. 1	Jun. 1	Oct. 1	Jan. 1	Apr. 1	Jun. 1	Oct. 1
	Thousand Bushels											
CORN												
1977	16,648	8,324	5,203	780	8,782	5,506	2,531	619	25,430	13,830	7,734	1,399
1978	13,455	5,920	2,691	1,346	6,977	4,062	1,816	200	20,432	9,982	4,507	1,546
1979	13,794	7,524	3,449	314	5,279	3,610	2,054	70	19,073	11,134	5,503	384
1980	13,030	8,551	6,515	611	4,753	3,269	1,592	195	17,783	11,820	8,107	806
1981 1/	8,899	6,180	3,708	247	6,046	4,108	2,446	93	14,945	10,288	6,154	340
WHEAT												
1977	65	49	13	592	246	313	182	595	311	362	195	1,187
1978	394	197	49	515	319	152	102	471	713	349	151	986
1979	193	86	43	561	244	99	*	697	437	185	*	1,258
1980	231	99	17	1,106	555	296	*	545	786	395	*	1,651
1981 1/	415	138	69	2,296	252	127	96	926	667	265	165	3,222
OATS												
1977	497	249	132	1,139	400	186	56	441	897	435	188	1,580
1978	455	329	152	1,404	355	215	128	1,296	810	544	280	2,700
1979	878	491	281	1,454	1,059	645	385	657	1,937	1,136	666	2,111
1980	1,057	198	132	882	213	119	78	168	1,270	317	210	1,050
1981 1/	451	157	98	927	117	87	45	216	568	244	143	1,143
BARLEY												
1977	144	72	43	311	*	11	*	70	*	83	*	381
1978	202	126	67	406	14	5	*	52	216	131	*	458
1979	293	135	68	541	22	65	*	47	315	200	*	588
1980	199	88	33	466	*	*	*	11	*	*	*	477
1981 1/	213	121	30	406	*	*	*	56	*	*	*	462
SORGHUM GRAIN												
1977	228	86	54	17	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
1978	91	53	29	7	63	*	*	*	154	*	*	*
1979	233	122	56	17	57	*	*	–	290	*	*	17
1980	264	132	63	9	5	*	*	–	269	*	*	9
1981 1/	132	66	36	10	6	*	*	–	138	*	*	10
SOYBEANS												
1977	7,497	1,285	643	107 2/	9,358	6,130	3,985	573 2/	16,855	7,415	4,628	680 2/
1978	8,795	3,465	1,333	800 2/	9,384	6,293	3,641	1,157 2/	18,179	9,758	4,974	1,957 2/
1979	11,642	4,851	2,911	323 2/	14,390	7,812	2,988	984 2/	26,032	12,663	5,899	1,307 2/
1980	15,538	9,562	6,374	1,195 2/	15,686	8,612	4,667	2,699 2/	31,224	18,174	11,041	3,894 2/
1981 1/	7,072	4,992	2,288	1,248 2/	11,112	6,618	4,347	2,246 2/	18,184	11,610	6,635	3,494 2/

*1/Preliminary. 2/Stocks as of September 1. *Unpublished to avoid disclosing individual operations.*

1981 AGRICULTURAL LABOR

The agricultural labor table shows estimates of farm employment and wage rates by quarters based on the Quarterly Agricultural Labor Survey. Data for July 1979 through April 1981 are included in the table. The data relates to the week containing the twelfth day of the quarterly month and is the result of a complete enumeration of a sample which contains all sizes of labor users. Hourly rates are shown for methods of pay and types of work performed so that data users will have comparative information.

LABOR: Farm Employment and Wage Rates, Quarterly Agriculture Labor Survey, South Carolina 1979 - 1981

Item	SOUTH CAROLINA									
	July		October		January		April		1980 Annual Average	
	1979	1980	1979	1980	1980	1981	1980	1981 1/	South Carolina	United States
	Thousands									
Farm Employment:										
Total	82	82	51	50	35	43	48	56	54	3,705.3
Family Labor	36	31	35	32	21	27	26	32	28	2,402.3
Hired Labor	46	51	16	18	14	16	22	24	26	1,303.0
	Dollars per Hour									
Method of Pay:										
All hired farm workers	2.78	2.95	2.93	3.10	3.48	3.45	3.24	3.16	3.10	3.66
Paid by piece rate	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	6/	4.61
Paid by other than piece rate	2.68	2.95	2.93	3.09	3.51	3.45	3.23	3.16	6/	3.59
Paid by hour only	2.86	3.08	2.99	3.15	3.39	3.34	3.22	3.09	6/	3.63 3/
Paid cash wages only	2.76	2.93	3.09	3.02	3.70	3.39	3.38	3.10	6/	3.82 4/
Paid by hour, cash wages only 5/	2.86	3.14	2.99	3.08	3.44	3.10	3.24	3.17	3.19	3.67
Type of Work Performed:										
Field workers	2.70	2.77	2.87	2.95	3.50	3.34	3.10	3.01	2.91	3.57
Livestock workers	2/	2/	2.88	2.99	3.20	3.33	3.00	3.29	3.02	3.25
Packinghouse workers	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	6/	3.63
Machine operators	2.69	3.22	2.62	3.33	3.40	3.52	3.15	3.29	6/	3.70
Supervisors	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	5.23	2/	4.83	6/	5.59
Other Agricultural workers	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	6/	4.06

1/Preliminary. 2/Insufficient data for this category. 3/May include perquisites such as room and board, includes only those paid by the hour. 4/Does not include perquisites, includes all methods of pay. 5/Does not include perquisites, includes only those paid by the hour. 6/Not available.

Distribution of Commercial Fertilizers in South Carolina by Grades, Materials and Primary Plant Nutrients (Tons), July 1, 1980 - June 30, 1981 1/

County	Grand total (mixed and materials)	Total mixed fertilizer	Total materials	Total N in mixed fertilizers and materials	Total P_2O_5 in mixed fertilizers and materials	Total K_2O in mixed fertilizers and materials
Abbeville	5,033	3,291	1,742	779	336	405
Aiken	17,134	10,839	6,295	2,260	1,011	2,432
Allendale	19,446	10,649	8,797	2,486	1,259	3,198
Anderson	24,169	17,045	7,124	3,842	2,126	2,854
Bamberg	28,291	19,700	8,591	2,940	2,017	4,613
Barnwell	10,969	5,747	5,222	1,281	605	1,583
Beaufort	8,225	6,251	1,974	864	528	989
Berkeley	7,582	5,601	1,981	831	572	912
Calhoun	19,833	10,070	9,763	2,844	1,234	2,743
Charleston	18,413	12,941	5,472	1,639	1,556	2,277
Cherokee	5,847	4,551	1,296	800	593	820
Chester	3,564	2,324	1,240	581	309	405
Chesterfield	15,315	9,296	6,019	1,864	1,033	2,705
Clarendon	29,658	19,155	10,503	3,569	1,854	4,686
Colleton	22,250	13,759	8,491	2,989	1,344	2,825
Darlington	33,296	20,297	12,999	4,381	1,883	4,743
Dillon	22,447	15,141	7,306	2,651	1,465	3,291
Dorchester	14,349	7,313	7,036	2,000	694	1,406
Edgefield	12,022	7,607	4,415	1,427	629	1,539
Fairfield	3,733	2,273	1,460	567	325	439
Florence	56,363	38,608	17,755	6,428	3,683	8,666
Georgetown	2,928	2,103	825	264	315	371
Greenville	16,937	11,881	5,056	2,476	1,423	1,880
Greenwood	3,327	2,582	745	465	314	398
Hampton	30,569	18,665	11,904	4,177	1,779	4,151
Horry	44,695	33,218	11,477	5,099	3,102	6,109
Jasper	5,225	3,343	1,882	634	298	568
Kershaw	6,611	4,482	2,129	909	453	754
Lancaster	5,256	3,656	1,600	769	531	760
Laurens	11,278	7,458	3,820	1,804	938	1,162
Lee	39,027	18,802	20,225	6,379	2,341	5,869
Lexington	14,837	9,623	5,214	1,901	1,009	2,056
McCormick	968	718	250	137	73	91
Marion	28,566	21,349	7,217	3,018	2,005	4,162
Marlboro	24,705	15,869	8,836	2,885	1,572	4,217
Newberry	14,125	8,863	5,262	2,141	1,080	1,399
Oconee	7,061	5,446	1,615	999	573	687
Orangeburg	85,468	46,642	38,826	11,945	5,009	11,921
Pickens	5,408	4,489	919	666	461	518
Richland	12,557	8,414	4,143	1,557	869	1,293
Saluda	17,079	13,224	3,855	2,199	1,348	1,969
Spartanburg	21,851	15,158	6,693	3,061	1,751	2,453
Sumter	30,593	14,914	15,679	4,168	1,679	3,9[illegible]
Union	2,797	2,066	731	399	239	240
Williamsburg	47,230	32,756	14,474	5,360	3,148	6,885
York	13,824	10,540	3,284	2,041	1,537	1,886
STATE	870,861	558,719	312,142	112,476	58,903	119,287

1/Department of Fertilizer Inspection and Analysis, Clemson University.

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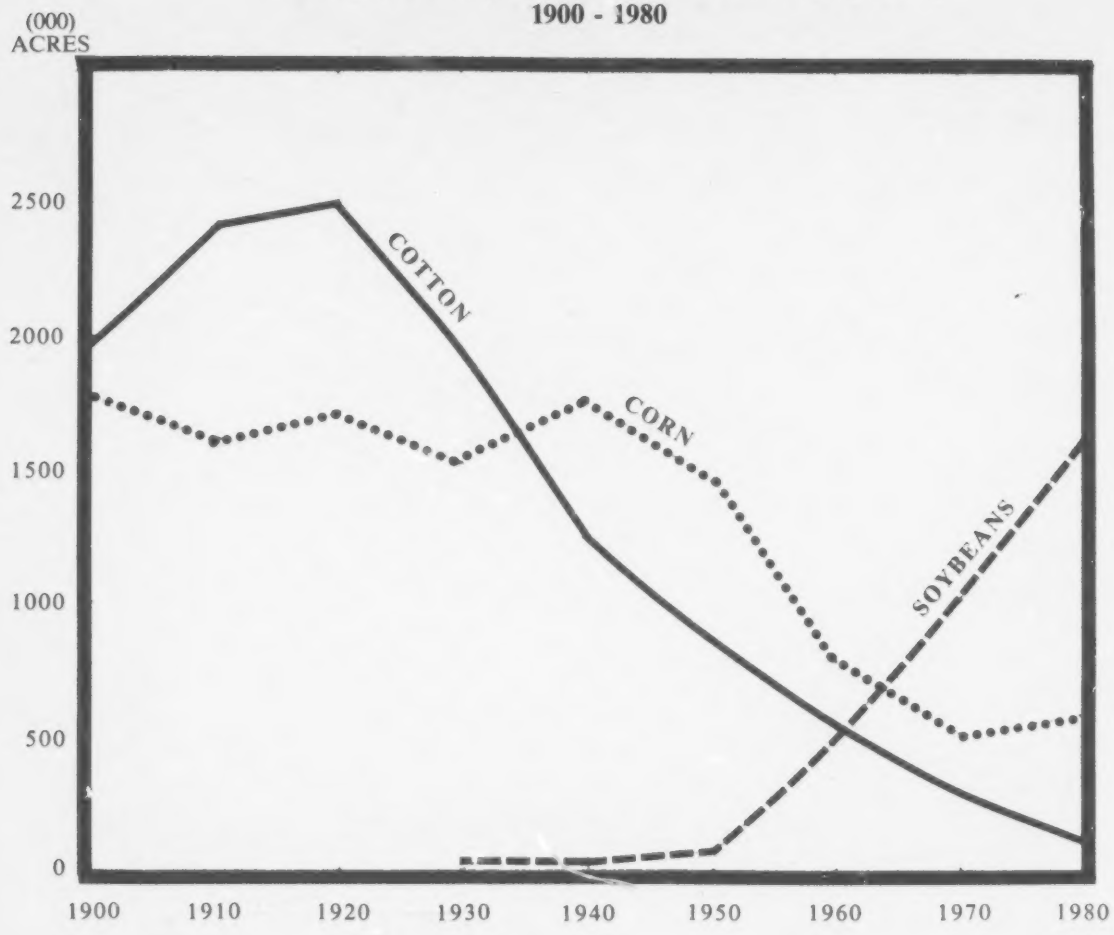
1900 - 1980



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